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Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 4;

Management and Orchestration;

Requirements for service interfaces and object model for

OS container management and orchestration specification

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**Group Specification**

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# Foreword

This Group Specification (GS) has been produced by ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV).

# Modal verbs terminology

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# Scope

The present document specifies the NFV object model for OS container management and orchestration. The present document also specifies requirements on the list of services to be offered by architectural elements providing the Container Infrastructure Service Management (CISM) and Container Image Registry (CIR) functions described in ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2] and on the interfaces for exposing these services to NFV-MANO and other consuming entities.

# 2 References

## 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non‑specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1] [ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010](https://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_gs/NFV-IFA/001_099/010/): "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 5; Management and Orchestration; Functional requirements specification".

[2] [ETSI GS NFV-IFA 011](https://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_gs/NFV-IFA/001_099/011/): "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 5; Management and Orchestration; VNF Descriptor and Packaging Specification".

[3] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 045: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 4; Management and Orchestration; Faults and alarms modelling specification".

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non‑specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] ETSI GR NFV 003: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Terminology for Main Concepts in NFV".

[i.2] ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Architecture; Report on the Enhancements of the NFV architecture towards “Cloud-native” and “PaaS”".

[i.3] Void.

[i.4] ETSI GS NFV 006: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 4; Management and Orchestration; Architectural Framework Specification".

[i.5] ETSI GR NFV-IFA 038: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 4; Architectural framework; Report on network connectivity for container-based VNF".

# 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI GR NFV 003 [i.1] apply.

## 3.2 Symbols

Void.

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI GR NFV 003 [i.1] apply.

# 4 Overview and framework for OS container management and orchestration

## 4.1 Introduction

The NFV-MANO architectural framework described in ETSI GS NFV 006 [i.4] identifies the following functional blocks/entities:

* NFV Orchestrator (NFVO);
* VNF Manager (VNFM); and
* Virtualised Infrastructure Manager (VIM).

ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2] identifies the following functions required for the management and orchestration of OS containers:

* Container Infrastructure Service Management (CISM); and
* Container Image Registry (CIR).

The CISM is responsible for maintaining the containerized workloads as Managed Container Infrastructure Objects (MCIOs).

The CIR is responsible for storing and maintaining information of OS container software images.

The functional requirements for the CISM and the CIR specified in ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010 [1] shall apply.

The requirements for the VNF Package and the information elements for the VNFD to support OS container management and orchestration specified in ETSI GS NFV-IFA 011 [2] shall apply.

The present document specifies the requirements on the list of services to be provided by the CISM and the CIR, and on the management services interfaces to expose these services to other NFV-MANO functional entities and/or external entities outside NFV-MANO.

## 4.2 Framework

### 4.2.1 Overview

The CISM and CIR functions provide one or more management capabilities which can be invoked by using one or more management service interfaces.

The services for the management and orchestration of OS containers are exposed via management service interfaces by the CISM and CIR functions as specified in the present document. The management service interfaces can be consumed by:

* other NFV-MANO functional entities; and/or
* consumers outside NFV-MANO.

The CISM and CIR functions produce the management service interfaces, which are invoked by consumers within an NFV-MANO functional entity and/or within an external entity outside NFV-MANO.

### 4.2.2 CISM function and CISM services

The CISM function offers multiple types of CISM services, i.e. OS container management services or other services, which are exposed by the OS container management service interfaces or other service interfaces respectively. More than one instance of an OS container management service interface is possible to cater for the possibility to expose different versions of a type of OS container management service interface. Other services than the OS container management services that may be offered by the CISM are not specified in the present document.

Figure 4.2.2-1 illustrates an example of the relationship between the different concepts introduced in the present clause.

The CISM function acts as the producer of three specific instances of OS container management services and their associated OS container management service interfaces plus one instance of another CISM service and its associated service interface. In this example, the types of CISM services are: “OS container management service A”, “OS container management service B”, “CISM service C”, and “OS container management service D”. The instance of “OS container management service D” is available and accessible via the same type of OS container management service interface, but through different interface instances providing different API endpoints. As an example, the API endpoints can provide different paths indicating the support of different versions of the same type of OS container management service interface. The example in figure 4.2.2-1 also shows three consumer instances, namely “NFV-MANO functional entity X”, “NFV-MANO functional entity Y”, and “external entity Z”. Each consumer instance may access one or more CISM services via their respective service interfaces.

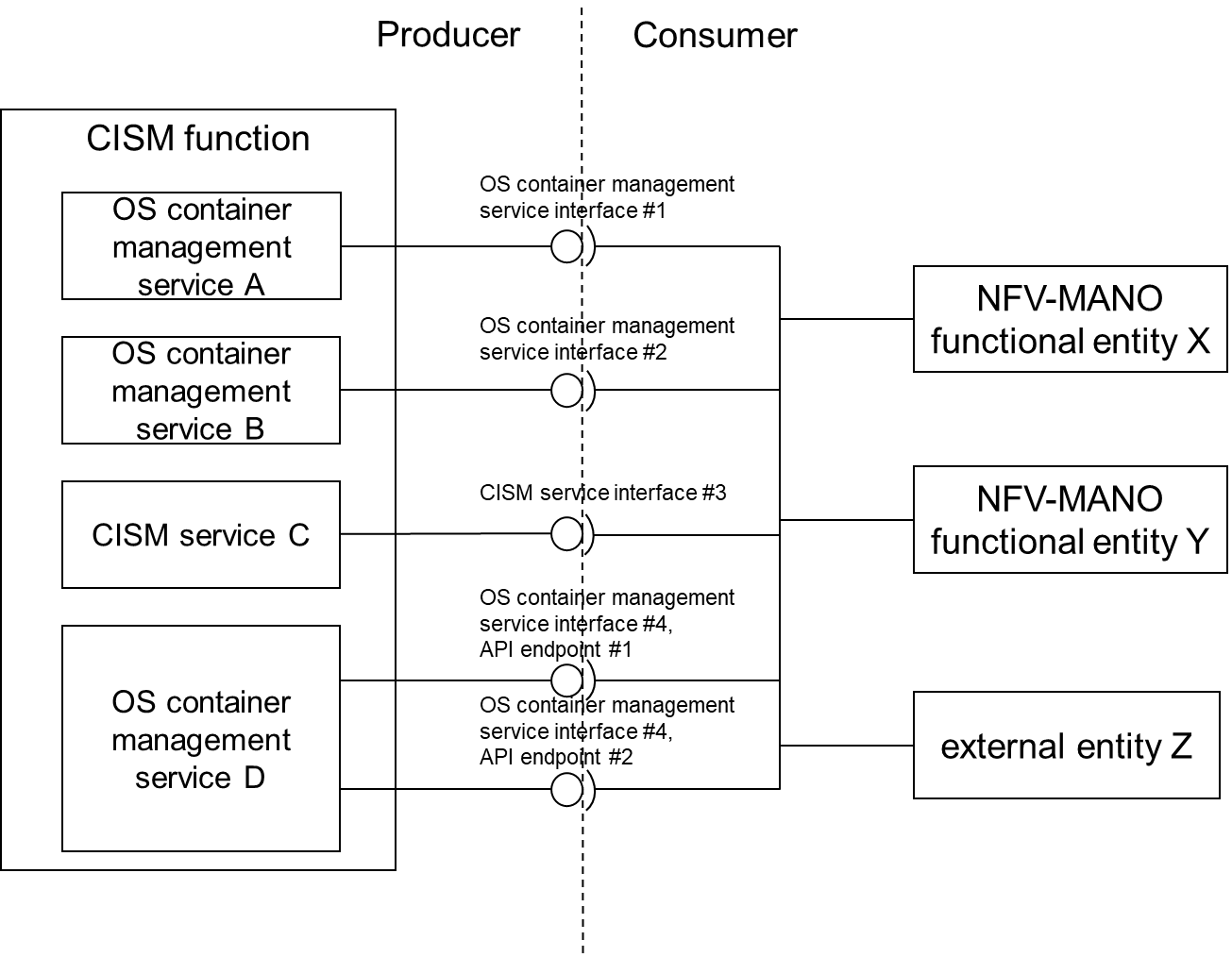


Figure 4.2.2-1: Example of CISM function, CISM services, OS container  
management service interfaces, and consumers

### 4.2.3 CIR function and CIR services

The CIR function offers multiple types of OS container image management services, which are exposed by the OS container image management service interfaces. More than one instance of an OS container image management service interface is possible to cater for the possibility to expose different versions of a type of OS container image management service interface.

Figure 4.2.3-1 illustrates an example of the relationship between the different concepts introduced in the present clause.

The CIR function acts as the producer of three specific instances of OS container image management services and their associated OS container image management service interfaces. In this example, the types of CIR services are: “OS container image management service A”, “OS container image management service B”, and “OS container image management service C”. The instance of “OS container image management service C” is available and accessible via the same type of OS container image management service interface, but through different interface instances providing different API endpoints. As an example, the API endpoints can provide different paths indicating the support of different versions of the same type of OS container image management service interface. The example in figure 4.2.3-1 also shows three consumer instances, namely “NFV-MANO functional entity X”, “NFV-MANO functional entity Y”, and “external entity Z”. Each consumer instance may access one or more OS container image management services via their respective OS container image management service interfaces.

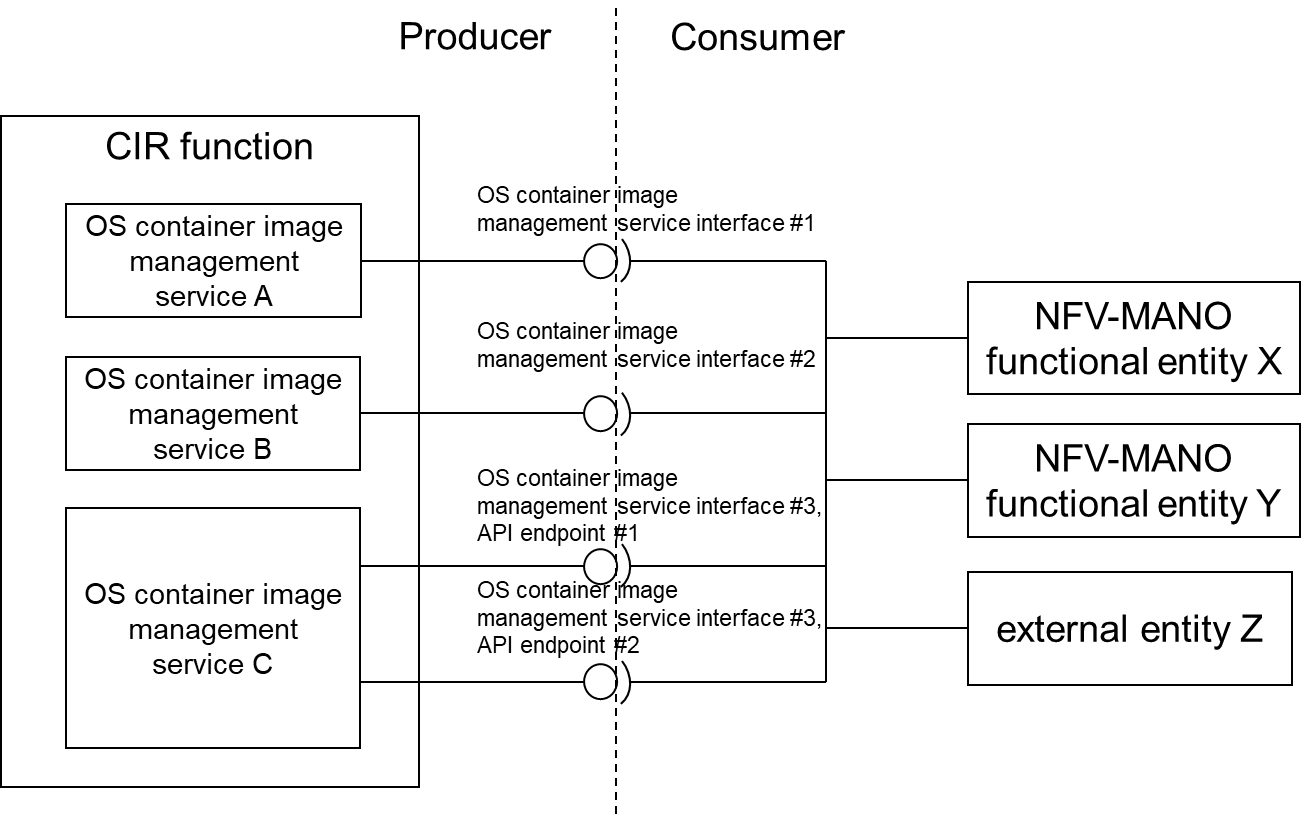


Figure 4.2.3-1: Example of CIR function, OS container image management services,  
OS container image management service interfaces, and consumers

# 5 OS container NFV object model

## 5.1 Introduction

Clause 5 of the present document specifies the NFV object model for OS container management and orchestration. It describes and specifies abstract NFV objects related to OS container management and orchestration. It also specifies the relationship of these abstract NFV objects to the information models of NFV-MANO. The terms for these abstract NFV objects are used in the subsequent clauses of the present document to specify generic requirements on the services and management service interfaces exposed by the CISM and the CIR. The abstract NFV objects are also expected to be used in specifications profiling APIs of de-facto standard solutions, to map the abstract NFV objects to objects of the specific de-facto standard solution.

Some of the abstract NFV objects for OS container management and orchestration have been introduced in ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2], but are formally specified in the present document.

## 5.2 Managed objects

### 5.2.1 Managed Container Infrastructure Object

#### 5.2.1.1 Purpose

A Managed Container Infrastructure Object (MCIO) is an abstract NFV object for OS container management and orchestration, introduced by ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2]. It is an object managed and exposed by the CISM, characterized by the desired and actual state of a containerized workload, including its requested and allocated infrastructure resources and applicable policies. The desired state of an MCIO is specified in a declarative descriptor which may include references to OS container images. This declarative descriptor is interpreted by the CISM.

Different types of MCIOs with different requested infrastructure resources exist. Requested infrastructure resources indicate the types of resources (e.g., compute, storage and network) and their supported capabilities (e.g., CPU capacity, supported power profiles, etc.). Placement constraints, such as affinity/anti-affinity rules and tags can also be provided for the requested infrastructure resources. An MCIO is created by the CISM by allocating its requested infrastructure resources on Container Infrastructure Service (CIS) instances. Dependent on its type, the creation of an MCIO may include the deployment of an OS container image. MCIOs are lifecycle managed via change requests on their desired state, utilizing a modified declarative descriptor sent to the CISM, which adapts the infrastructure resource allocations according to the changed infrastructure resource requests.

#### 5.2.1.2 Relationship to the existing NFV-MANO information model

Dependent on its type, an MCIO is represented by a corresponding object in the existing NFV-MANO information model. An MCIO requesting compute and/or storage infrastructure resources is mapped to a VNF Component (VNFC). An MCIO requesting network infrastructure resources for VNF external connectivity is mapped to an applicable sub‑class of a Connection Point (CP). Figure 5.2.1.2-1 illustrates the mapping of an MCIO to the existing NFV-MANO logical objects.

NOTE 1: There is no MCIO type equivalent to an internal Virtual Link (VL).

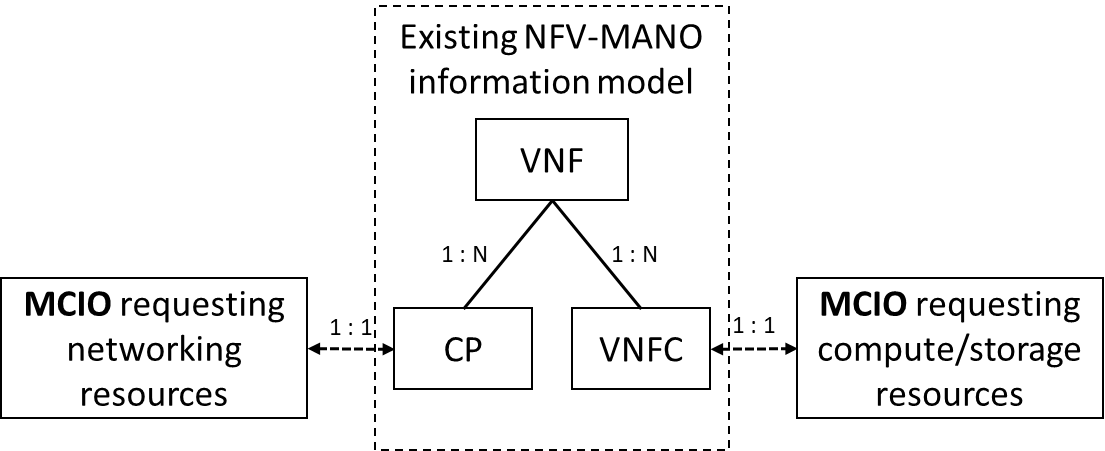


Figure 5.2.1.2-1: MCIO logical model mapping

Properties of an MCIO described in declarative descriptors and relevant being exposed to NFV-MANO are mirrored in attributes of the descriptors of the corresponding objects of the existing NFV-MANO information model. Properties of an MCIO requesting compute and/or storage infrastructure resources are described in attributes of the VDU information element of the VNF Descriptor. Properties of an MCIO requesting network infrastructure resources for VNF external connectivity are described in attributes of applicable sub-classes of the CPD information element of the VNF Descriptor. Figure 5.2.1.2-2 illustrates the specification of an MCIO’s properties in enhanced NFV-MANO descriptor objects.

NOTE 2: Properties of MCIO’s requesting network infrastructure resources cannot be used to specify requirements on the network infrastructure resources to be used for internal VLs.

NOTE 3: The declarative descriptor of an MCIO cannot be used to specify requirements equivalent to those specified for a VduCP that is not re-exposed as an external CP.

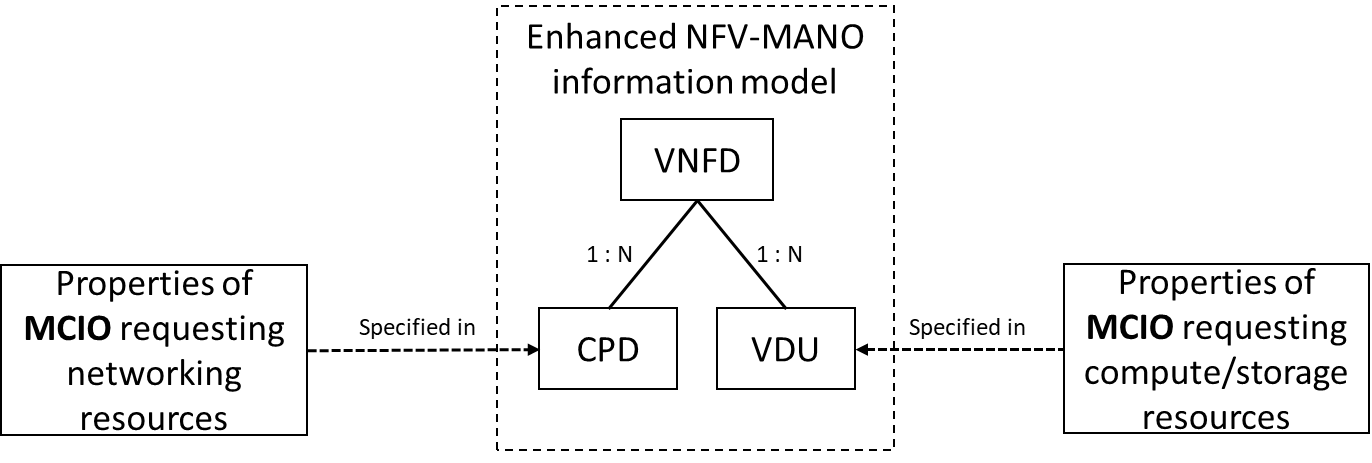


Figure 5.2.1.2-2: MCIO’s properties specification

The above defined relationships in between the MCIO, their descriptors, and the NFV IM enables the interoperability of containerized workloads management with NFV management and orchestration. On the one hand, the information contained in NFV descriptors, artefacts and the VNF and NS runtime information held by NFV-MANO, that relates to MCIOs, enable the VNFM and NFVO of NFV-MANO to process relevant resources requirements (types, characteristics and capabilities of the resources, e.g., in terms of power/energy), and perform the lifecycle, fault and performance management of VNF or VNF components, when these are realized by a set of OS containers. On the other hand, the mapped MCIO, their descriptors and the produced services by the CISM enable the VNFM and NFVO to request the relevant management of the containerized workloads to be deployed and managed on CIS instances.

NOTE 4: While the NFVO and VNFM do not manage individual OS containers, resources information related to OS containers such as images or resource requests can be exchanged and/or visible to the NFVO and VNFM for other purposes such as resources granting, capacity management, namespace management, etc.

### 5.2.2 Managed Container Infrastructure Object Package

#### 5.2.2.1 Purpose

A Managed Container Infrastructure Object Package (MCIOP) is a hierarchical aggregate of information objects for OS container management and orchestration, introduced by ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2]. The aggregate of information objects includes declarative descriptors and configuration files for one or multiple Managed Container Infrastructure Objects (MCIOs).

Configuration files typically specify values for parameters defined in the declarative descriptors. The MCIO configurable parameters are represented by key-value pairs. All the keys corresponding to MCIO configurable parameters are specified in the configuration files. The configuration files may contain values for some of the parameters. The other values are not specified in the configuration files but injected during the related containerized workload management. Furthermore, the values provided in the configuration files may also be overwritten by injecting values.

The MCIOP, representing aggregated containerized workloads, is used to instantiate and maintain containerized workloads and provide a higher abstraction level than individual MCIO declarative descriptors used by the CISM, declaring the relationships among the MCIOs, as addressed in ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 [i.2].

#### 5.2.2.2 Relationship to the existing NFV-MANO information model

The VNF Package contains both the VNFD and one or multiple MCIOPs. The VNFD and its constituent VDUs are the descriptor objects to instantiate the VNF and its constituent VNFCs. In this context, both the containerized VNF and the containerized VNFCs are regarded as containerized workloads. A containerized workload uses MCIOs during its lifecycle, which are created and maintained by using the declarative descriptors and configuration files for the respective MCIO in the MCIOP.

The relationship between an MCIOP and the existing NFV-MANO information model is shown in figure 5.2.2.2-1. The VNFD of a containerized VNF has references to one or multiple MCIOPs which contain declarative descriptors and configuration files for MCIOs consumed by the containerized VNF.



Figure 5.2.2.2-1: MCIOP logical model mapping

### 5.2.3 Namespace

A namespace is an abstract NFV object for OS container management and orchestration. It is an object managed and exposed by the CISM, representing a logical grouping for a particular set of identifiers, resources, policies and authorizations within the scope of a cluster of CIS instances. A namespace provides a mechanism to isolate its grouped elements from others and provides access control to them. All resources grouped into a namespace can only belong to one namespace.

MCIOs are created by the CISM by allocating infrastructure resources within the scope of a namespace. Only entities with granted access to a namespace can request lifecycle management of MCIOs within the scope of this namespace.

### 5.2.4 Namespace quota

A namespace quota is an abstract NFV object managed and exposed by the CISM, representing an upper limit of infrastructure resources. Namespace quota are used to specify the overall amount of infrastructure resources which can be allocated within the scope of a namespace. Namespace quota are used to track the aggregate usage of infrastructure resources in the scope of a namespace and allow operators of clusters of CIS instances to specify resource usage limits that MCIOs created within the scope of a namespace may consume. Namespace quota can also be used to track and limit the number of MCIOs per type created within the scope of a namespace.

### 5.2.5 OS container Image

An OS container image is an abstract NFV object for OS container management and orchestration, representing a software image for an OS container. It is an object managed and exposed by the CIR, and contains all components required to deploy an OS container on a CIS instance.

OS container images are referenced in declarative descriptors of MCIOs. MCIOs which are built from OS container images, are created by deploying their OS containers from their respective images. The OS container images managed and exposed by a CIR are addressed and referenced by their names and the URLs of the respective CIR. OS container images may be included as software image artifacts in VNF Packages. As part of the VNF Package management, the NFVO distributes the OS container images to the CIR, as specified in clause 6.12 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010 [1].

NOTE: The NFVO role in distributing OS container images is the same behaviour as with done with VM software images.

## 5.3 Objects relationship

The relationships between the abstract NFV objects for OS container management and orchestration (in blue colour), as specified in the previous clauses, are illustrated in figure 5.3-1. Figure 5.3-1 also illustrates the relationships between the abstract NFV objects to existing objects of the NFV-MANO system (in yellow colour) where applicable.

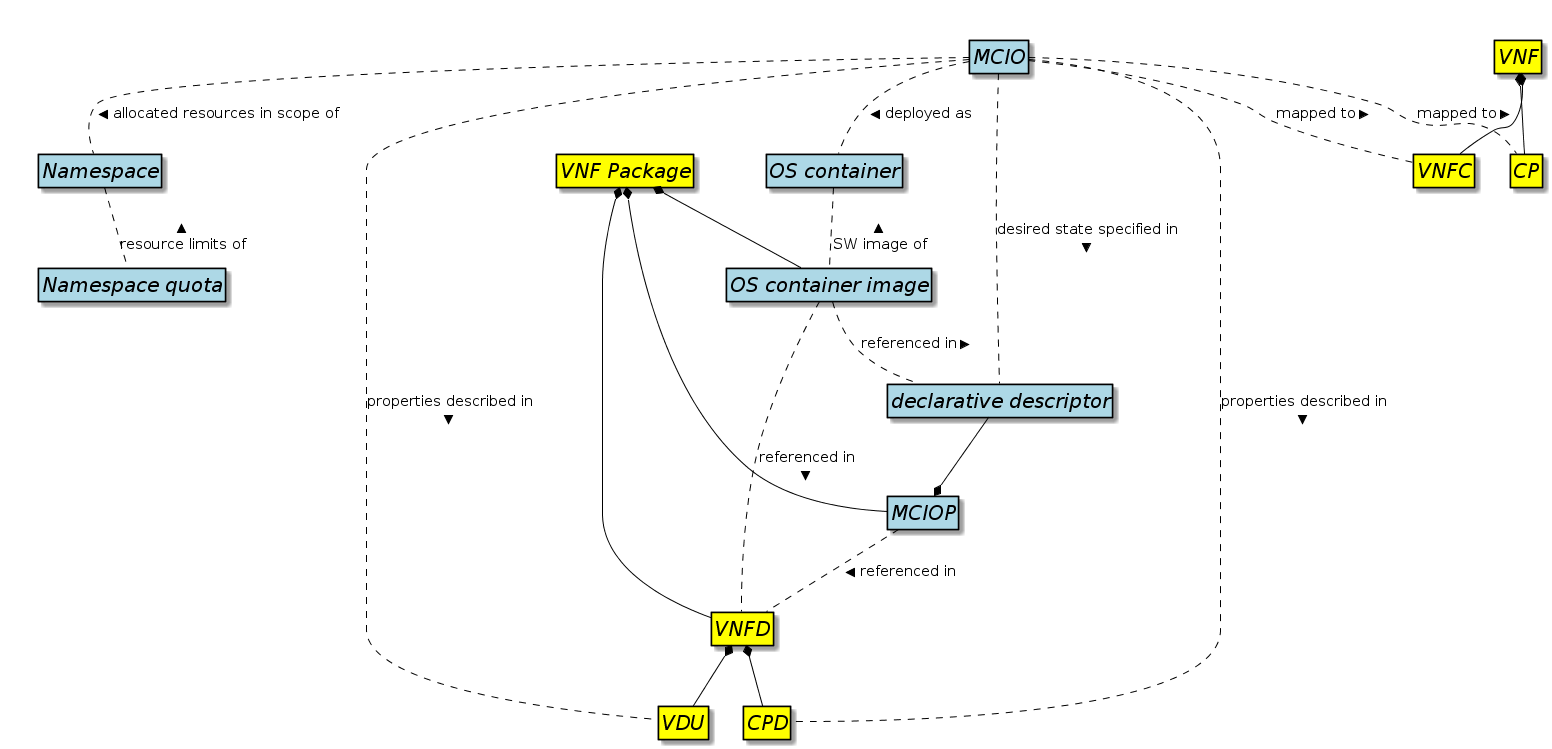


Figure 5.3-1: Abstract NFV objects relationship

NOTE 1: The explanation texts for the relationships in figure 5.3-1 all apply to corresponding dashed lines. The solid lines illustrate aggregations which do not have labels in the figure.

An MCIO is logically mapped to either a VNFC or a CP, depending on the MCIO’s type. The properties of an MCIO relevant to being exposed to NFV-MANO are described in a VDU or applicable subclasses of a CPD respectively.

NOTE 2: The CPD in figure 5.3-1, although depicted as a distinct entity from the VDU, represents all classes of CPDs, including those embedded in a VDU.

The desired state of an MCIO, interpreted by the CISM, is specified in a declarative descriptor. Dependent on its type, an MCIO may be deployed as an OS container from its corresponding OS container image. The resources of an MCIO are allocated in the scope of a namespace under the limits of its namespace quota.

The OS container images are referenced in the declarative descriptors of an MCIO to be exposed to the CISM. The OS container images are referenced in the VNFD as software image artifacts, which may be included in the VNF Package.

The MCIO’s declarative descriptors are aggregated as an MCIOP. MCIOPs are referenced in the VNFD as file artifacts included in the VNF Package.

# 6 CISM service requirements

## 6.1 Introduction

Clause 6 in the present document specifies the set of requirements applicable to interfaces exposing OS container management and orchestration services offered by the CISM function.

## 6.2 General CISM service requirements

Table 6.2-1 specifies requirements applicable to the services provided by the CISM.

Table 6.2-1: CISM service requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CismSvc.001 | The CISM shall provide an OS container workload management service. |
| CismSvc.002 | The CISM shall provide an OS container compute management service. |
| CismSvc.003 | The CISM shall provide an OS container storage management service. |
| CismSvc.004 | The CISM shall provide an OS container network management service. |
| CismSvc.005 | The CISM shall provide an OS container configuration management service. |
| CismSvc.006 | The CISM shall provide an OS container workload performance management service. |
| CismSvc.007 | The CISM shall provide an OS container workload fault management service. |

## 6.3 OS container workload management service interface requirements

Table 6.3-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container workload management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.3-1: OS container workload management service interface requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CismWkldMgt.001 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support instantiating containerized workloads based on a MCIOP. |
| CismWkldMgt.002 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about containerized workloads based on a MCIOP. |
| CismWkldMgt.003 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying containerized workloads based on a modified MCIOP. |
| CismWkldMgt.004 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support terminating containerized workloads based on a MCIOP. See note. |
| CismWkldMgt.005 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of changes to containerized workloads based on a MCIOP. |
| CismWkldMgt.006 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |
| CismWkldMgt.007 | The OS container workload management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to containerized workloads based on a MCIOP. |
| NOTE: The assumption is that all objects as specified in the MCIOP are terminated gracefully by invoking this interface. | |

## 6.4 OS container compute management service interface requirements

Table 6.4-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container compute management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.4-1: OS container compute management service interface requirements

| Identifier | Requirement |
| --- | --- |
| CismCompMgt.001 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.002 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the desired state of Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.003 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the actual state of Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.004 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support replacing Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.005 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting Compute MCIOs in a graceful as well as in a forceful manner. |
| CismCompMgt.006 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about the desired and actual state of Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.007 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support listing Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.008 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of changes to the desired or actual state of Compute MCIOs. |
| CismCompMgt.009 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |
| CismCompMgt.010 | The OS container compute management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to the desired or actual state of Compute MCIOs. |

## 6.5 OS container storage management service interface requirements

Table 6.5-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container storage management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.5-1: OS container storage management service interface requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CismStrgMgt.001 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.002 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the desired state of Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.003 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the actual state of Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.004 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support replacing Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.005 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.006 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about the desired and actual state of Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.007 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support listing Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.008 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of changes to the desired or actual state of Storage MCIOs. |
| CismStrgMgt.009 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |
| CismStrgMgt.010 | The OS container storage management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to the desired or actual state of Storage MCIOs. |

## 6.6 OS container network management service interface requirements

Table 6.6-1 specifies the requirements related to Network MCIOs and the requirements related to secondary container cluster internal/external networks identified in ETSI GR NFV-IFA 038 [i.5] applicable to the interface of the OS container network management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.6-1: OS container network management service interface requirements

| Identifier | Requirement |
| --- | --- |
| CismNetwMgt.001 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.002 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the desired state of Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.003 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying the actual state of Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.004 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support replacing Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.005 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.006 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about the desired and actual state of Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.007 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support listing Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.008 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of changes to the desired or actual state of Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.009 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |
| CismNetwMgt.010 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |
| CismNetwMgt.011 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |
| CismNetwMgt.012 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |
| CismNetwMgt.013 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying the information about the current status of a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |
| CismNetwMgt.014 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of changes for a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |
| CismNetwMgt.015 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to the desired or actual state of Network MCIOs. |
| CismNetwMgt.016 | The OS container network management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to a secondary container cluster internal/external network attachment. |

## 6.7 OS container configuration management service interface requirements

Table 6.7-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container configuration management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.7-1: OS container configuration management service interface requirements

| Identifier | Requirement |
| --- | --- |
| CismCfgMgt.001 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support the creation of a namespace. |
| CismCfgMgt.002 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about namespaces. |
| CismCfgMgt.003 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting namespaces. |
| CismCfgMgt.004 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support the creation of a namespace quota. |
| CismCfgMgt.005 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about namespace quota. |
| CismCfgMgt.006 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying namespace quota. |
| CismCfgMgt.007 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting namespace quota. |
| CismCfgMgt.008 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.009 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.010 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support replacing MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.011 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.012 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.013 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support listing MCIO configurations. See note. |
| CismCfgMgt.014 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications on events of MCIO configuration changes. |
| CismCfgMgt.015 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support creating policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.016 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support modifying policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.017 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support replacing policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.018 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support deleting policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.019 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying information about policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.020 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support listing policies for MCIOs. |
| CismCfgMgt.021 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications on events of MCIO policy changes. |
| CismCfgMgt.022 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of namespace quota changes. |
| CismCfgMgt.023 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |
| CismCfgMgt.024 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to MCIO configurations. |
| CismCfgMgt.025 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to MCIO policies. |
| CismCfgMgt.026 | The OS container configuration management service interface produced by the CISM shall support subscribing to notifications on changes to namespace quotas. |
| NOTE: An MCIO configuration can include certificate data for a containerized workload that is provisioned by means of MCIO configurations. | |

## 6.8 OS container workload performance management service interface requirements

Table 6.8-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container workload performance management service produced by the CISM.

Table 6.8-1: OS container workload performance management service interface requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CismWkldPmMgt.001 | The OS container workload performance management service interface produced by the CISM shall support querying performance information related to OS container workload (see note 1). |
| CismWkldPmMgt.002 | The OS container workload performance management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications regarding events about performance information on OS container workload (see note 1). |
| CismWkldPmMgt.003 | The OS container workload performance management service interface produced by the CISM shall support the capability of OS container workload performance management for controlling the collection and reporting of performance information in response to the request (see note 2). |
| CismWkldPmMgt.004 | The OS container workload performance management service interface produced by the CISM shall support managing subscriptions to the notifications related to performance management of OS container workload. |
| NOTE 1: OS container workload performance information can include the MCIO consumption level, such as OS container CPU utilization, OS container memory usage, OS container network bandwidth consumption, and OS container power consumption.  NOTE 2: The performance management includes creation, update, query and deletion of PM jobs and thresholds. | |

## 6.9 OS container workload fault management service interface requirements

Table 6.9-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container workload fault management service produced by the CISM.

NOTE: Even though the service interface is named “OS container workload fault management service”, the scope of fault management is not restricted to “OS container workloads”. The requirements and notes in table 6.9-1 detail further which managed objects are in scope of this service interface.

Table 6.9-1: OS container workload fault management service interface requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CismWkldFmMgt.001 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall enable its consumers to collect fault information about its managed objects. See notes 1, 2 and 4. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.002 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of a change in alarm information on a managed object. See note 3. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.003 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of the creation of an alarm on a managed object. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.004 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the clearance of an alarm on a managed object. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.005 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support acknowledgement of an alarm on a managed object. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.006 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support sending notifications in the event of a rebuilt of the alarm list. |
| CismWkldFmMgt.007 | The OS container workload fault management service interface produced by the CISM shall support managing subscriptions to the notifications related to alarms. |
| NOTE 1: The managed objects exposed through this service interface are OS container workloads and CIS instances.  NOTE 2: Fault information can include the information related to the alarm (e.g., alarm created, alarm cleared, etc), alarm causes and identification of the OS container workload, and fault information concerning the resources supporting the related managed object instances.  NOTE 3: Possible changes of alarm information include change state information, perceived severity, etc.  NOTE 4: Valid values of perceived severity, event type, fault type, probable cause, and fault details applicable to specific alarms produced by the CISM are specified as “Perceived severity”, “Event type”, “Alarm definition identifier”, “Probable cause” and “Fault details” values of the Alarm applicable to CISM service, as in clause 7.7 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA 045 [3]. | |

# 7 OS container Image Registry service requirements

## 7.1 Introduction

Clause 7 in the present document specifies the set of requirements applicable to interfaces exposing OS container image management services offered by the CIR function.

## 7.2 General OS container image registry service requirements

Table 7.2-1 specifies requirements applicable to the services provided by the CIR.

Table 7.2-1: CIR service requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CirSvc.001 | The CIR shall provide an OS container image management service. |

## 7.3 OS container image management service interface requirements

Table 7.3-1 specifies the requirements applicable to the interface of the OS container image management service produced by the CIR.

Table 7.3-1: OS container image management service interface requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Identifier | Requirement |
| CirImgMgt.001 | The OS container image management service interface produced by the CIR shall support adding OS container images to the CIR. |
| CirImgMgt.002 | The OS container image management service interface produced by the CIR shall support deleting OS container images from the CIR. |
| CirImgMgt.003 | The OS container image management service interface produced by the CIR shall support querying information about OS container images in the CIR. |
| CirImgMgt.004 | The OS container image management service interface produced by the CIR shall support sending notifications in the event of changes of OS container images in the CIR. |
| CirImgMgt.005 | The OS container image management service interface produced by the CIR shall support access control (e.g. RBAC). |

Annex A (informative):  
Change history

| Date | Version | Information about changes |
| --- | --- | --- |
| October 2019 | 0.0.1 | First draft, introducing the document skeleton |
| October 2019 | 0.1.0 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(19)000804r1 – IFA040-Scope  NFVIFA(19)000844r2 – IFA040-Clause 3.1-OS Container term definition  NFVIFA(19)000847r2 – IFA040-Clause 4.1-Introduction  NFVIFA(19)000849r2 – IFA040-Clause 4.2-Framework  NFVIFA(19)000870 – IFA040-Clause 5.1-Introduction  NFVIFA(19)000880 – IFA040-Remove Annex B-Authors and contributors  Table of content updated to reflect new content |
| November 2019 | 0.2.0 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(19)000873r5 – IFA040 5.2 Add MCIOP NFV object for OS container management  NFVIFA(19)000909 – IFA040-Clause 5.2.1-Managed Container Infrastructure Object  NFVIFA(19)000910r1 – IFA040-Clause 3.1-containerized workload term definition  NFVIFA(19)000913r1 – IFA040-Clause 5.2.3-Namespace  NFVIFA(19)000914r2 – IFA040-Clause 5.2.4-Namespace quota  NFVIFA(19)000920r1 – IFA040-Clause 5.2.5-OS Container Image  NFVIFA(19)000924r1 – IFA040-Clause 5.3-Objects relationship |
| February 2020 | 0.3.0 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(19)000974 – IFA040-Clause 6.2-General CISM service requirements  NFVIFA(19)0001015r1 – IFA040 6.3, 6.5 Adding CISM service interface requirements  NFVIFA(19)0001016r2 – IFA040 7 Adding CIR service interface requirements  NFVIFA(20)000003r3 – IFA040-Clause 6.4-Compute management service interface requirements  NFVIFA(20)000005r3 – IFA040-Clause 6.5-Storage management service interface requirements  NFVIFA(20)000006r3 – IFA040-Clause 6.7-Configuration management service interface requirements  NFVIFA(20)000015 – IFA040-Clause 6-Additional CISM service requirements  NFVIFA(20)000016 – IFA040-Clause 6.6-Network management service interface requirements  NFVIFA(20)000019 – IFA040-Correct references to NFV 003 |
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| March 2020 | 0.5.0 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(20)000149 – IFA040 Editorial clean-up part 1  NFVIFA(20)000150 – IFA040 3.2 Void symbols clause  NFVIFA(20)000151r2 – IFA040 Section 6 proposed changes  NFVIFA(20)000175r2 – IFA040 – Review – Editorial improvements  NFVIFA(20)000176 – IFA040 – Review – Minor Technical improvements  NFVIFA(20)000178r2 – IFA040-Add requirements on access control for CISM service interfaces  NFVIFA(20)000182r2 – IFA040 Editorial clean-up part 2  NFVIFA(20)000190r1 – IFA040 – Review – Clarifications on the model mapping |
| December 2020 | 4.1.2 | First early draft for new edition IFA040ed421, based on published version 4.1.1 |
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| March 2021 | 4.1.4 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(21)000236r1 – IFA040ed421 Mirror of 218 Avoid Reference to MAN001 |
| July 2021 | 4.2.2 | First early draft for new edition IFA040ed431, based on published version 4.2.1 |
| March 2022 | 4.2.3 | Implementing contributions:  NFVIFA(22)000180 – IFA040ed431 MegaCR FEAT19a container networking  Added reference to the ETSI Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure (CVD) scheme according to the new GS skeleton  Updated table of contents |
| June 2022 | 4.3.2 | First early draft for new edition IFA040ed441, based on published version 4.3.1 |
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# History

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