

TOSCA

*Topology and Orchestration Specification
for Cloud Applications (TOSCA) Standard*

**OASIS TOSCA presentation to ETSI NFV
Information Modelling Workshop**

**Proposal for way forward-How TOSCA Adds Value
in NFV world**

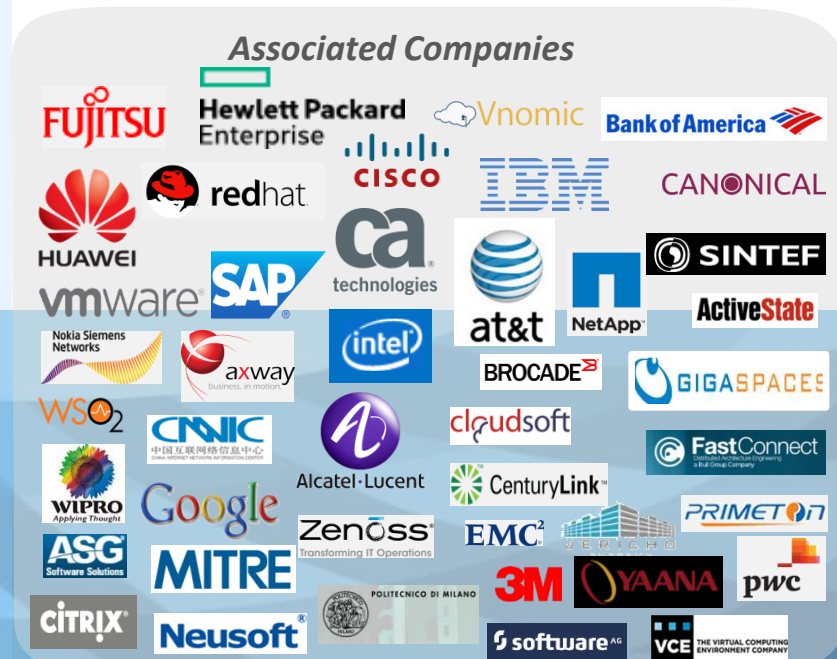
Agenda

- **TOSCA Overview**
- **Way forward-How TOSCA can be used in NFV**
 - Many problems can be solved with TOSCA
- **Some Open Source Implementations**
 - Openstack, Tacker, Parser, Senlin, alien4cloud, Cloudfify
- **Main Features**
 - containers, policies, network modeling,
- **Backup slides**
 - Sample template
 - Lifecycle sequency

TOSCA Overview

- **TOSCA** is an important **new open cloud standard**, that is enabling a unique eco-system, supported by a large and growing number of international industry leaders...

- **TOSCA Version 1.0 Specification approved as an OASIS Standard** (Nov 2013)
- **Government and Corporate Awareness:**
 - **OASIS:** 600+ participant organizations. 5000+ participants spanning 65+ countries
 - **TOSCA Committee:** 170+ people 45+ companies/orgs
 - **International Standards & Research:** ETSI NFV liaison, EU FP7, etc.
 - **Industry Analysts:** Forrester names TOSCA as a top four cloud open standard (Mar 2014)
- **Multi-company Interoperability Demonstrated:**
 - **EuroCloud 2013** (Oct 2013): IBM, SAP, Fujitsu, Huawei, HP, Vnomic, Zenoss and others
 - **Open Data Center Alliance:** [TOSCA Application Portability in the Enterprise Cloud](#) PoC (Jan 2014)



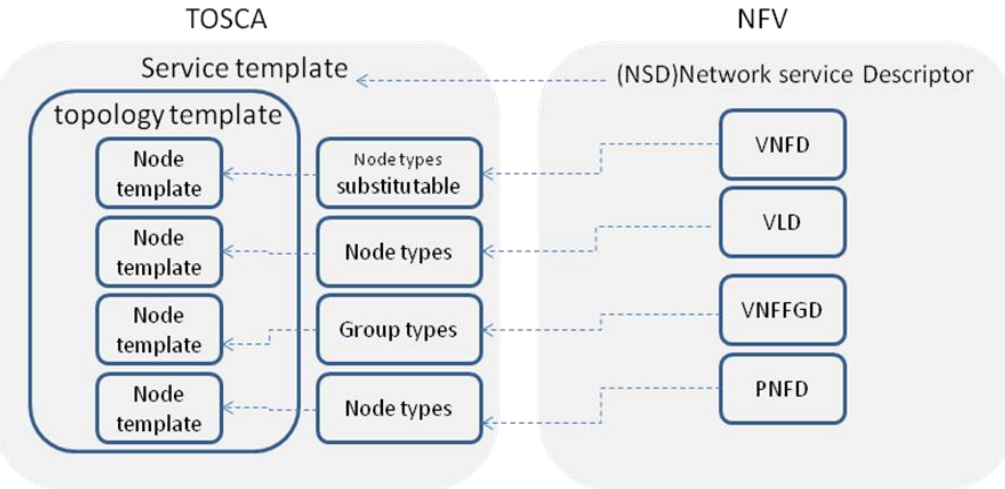
Way forward-How TOSCA can be used in NFV

Many problems can be solved with TOSCA

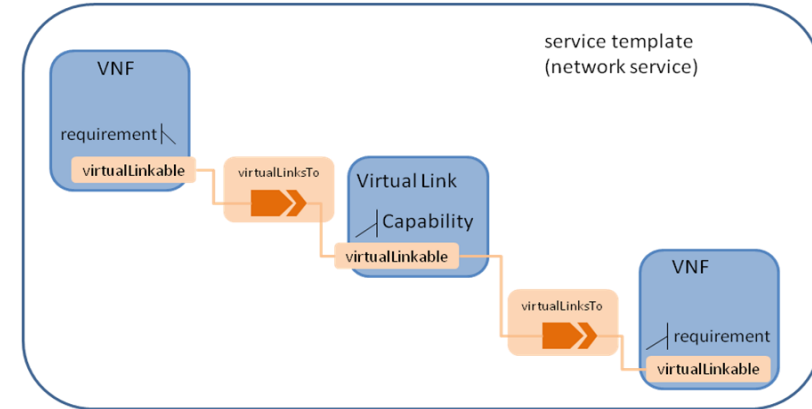
- .Topology*
- .Composition*
- .Lifecycle*
- .Portability*

As the Topology and Orchestration Specification for Cloud Applications, TOSCA is mainly used to describe the topology of the deployment view for cloud applications.

- Defining node templates to describe components in the topology structure*
- Defining relationship templates to describe connecting, dependency, deployment ordering*

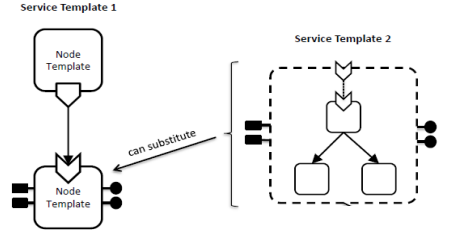


TOSCA can be used to describe the topology of a Network service or VNF as defined by ETSI NFV.

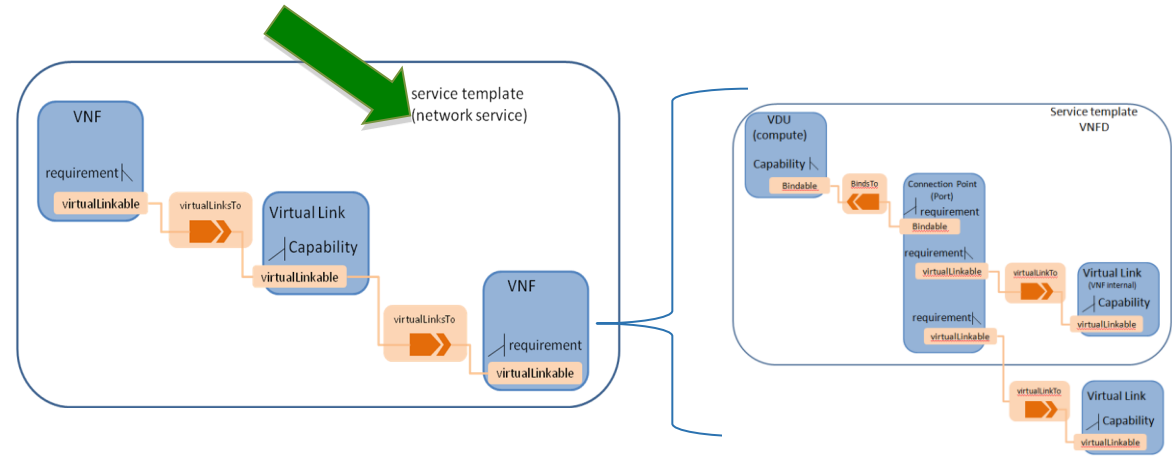
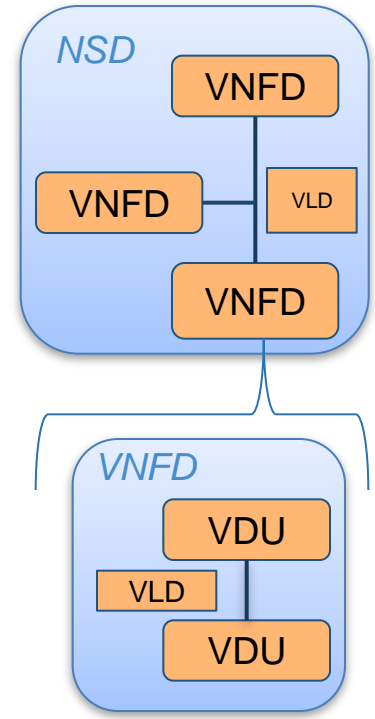


VNF, VL can be defined as node templates in TOSCA. A new virtualLinksTo relationship type can be defined to connect VNF and VL.

Any node in a TOSCA topology can be an abstraction of another layer or subtopology



NFV information model has the layered structure.
•NSD are composed of VNFD, VLD, PNFD and etc.
•VNFD are composed of VDU, VLD and etc.



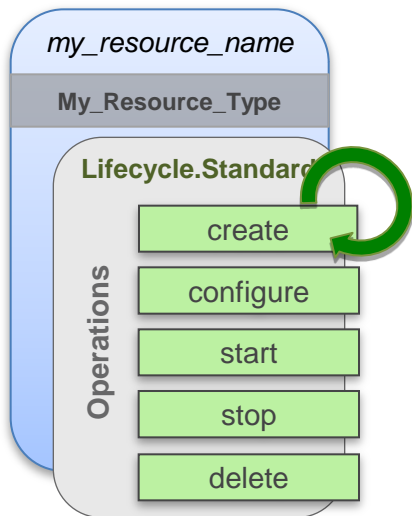
Using the TOSCA substitution feature, NFV information model can be described by using multiple TOSCA service templates

Lifecycle

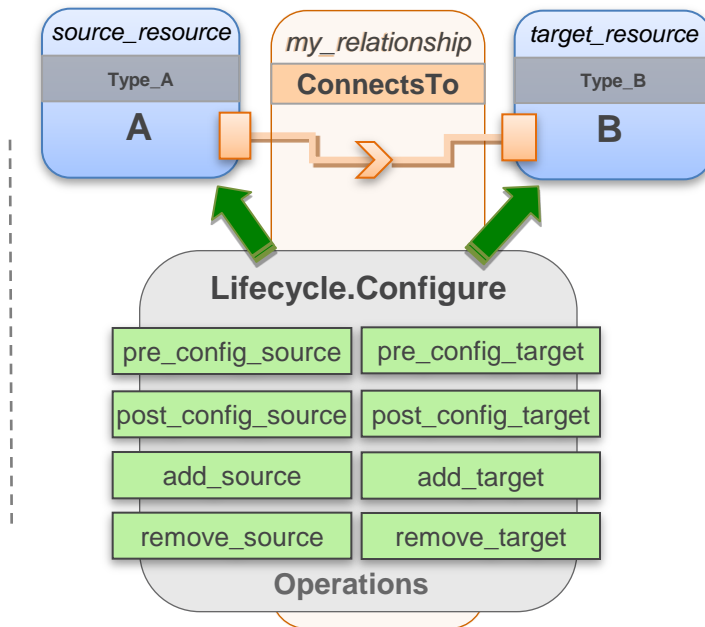
TOSCA models have a consistent view of state-based lifecycle

- ✓ have **Operations** (implementations) that can be sequenced against state of any dependent resources
- ✓ fits into any **Management Framework** or **Access Control System**

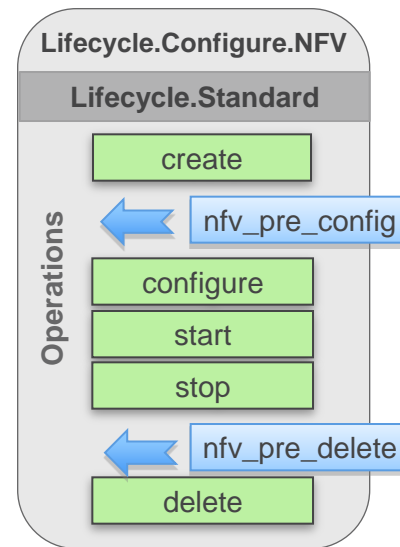
Standardize Resource Lifecycle



Standardize Relationship Lifecycle



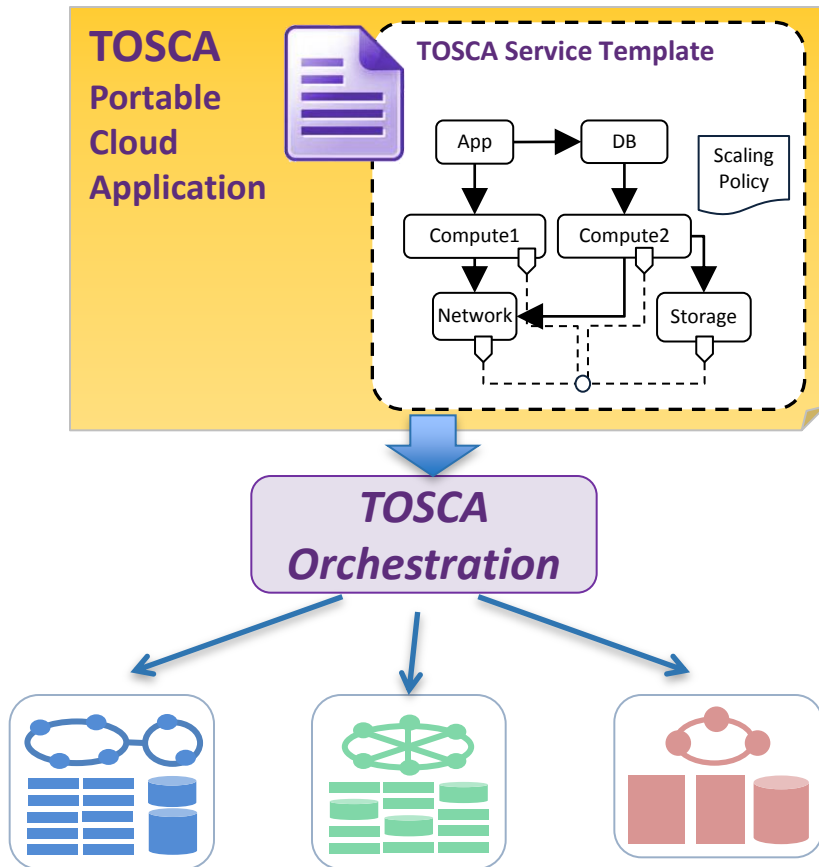
Lifecycle Customization



Create new NFV Lifecycles or Augment existing (via subclassing)

- ✓ **Parameters** and **Policies** can be supplied to operations to affect resource behavior (state)
- ✓ **Workflow** - TOSCA is developing workflow to allow handling complex state changes, configurations, etc.

TOSCA Lifecycle can be customized for NFV Resources and Relationships



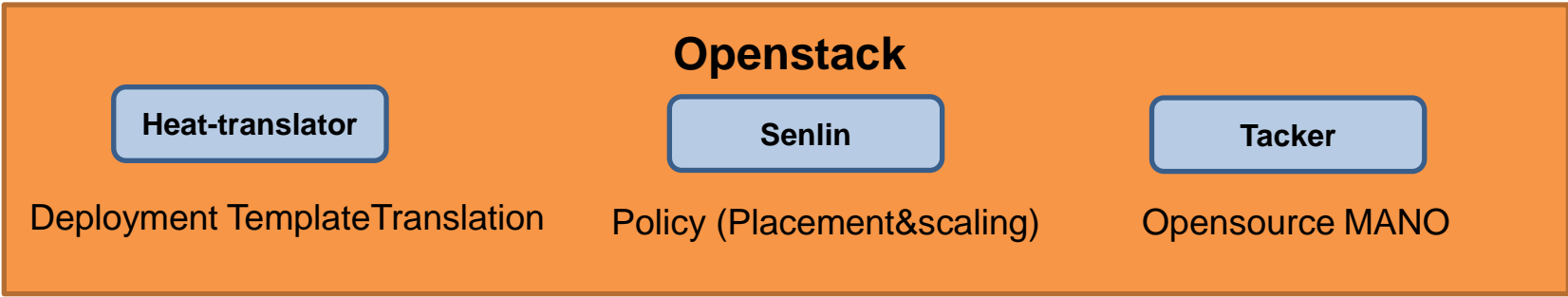
By expressing application requirements independently from cloud capabilities and implementation, TOSCA provides:

- *Multi VIM Support*
- *Portability of services across clouds*
- *Declarative model spanning infrastructure and service*
- *Manipulate the orchestration declaratively instead of dealing with disparate cloud APIs (leave that to the TOSCA Orchestrator)*

TOSCA enables NFV applications flexible movement between different cloud infrastructures.

Some Open Source Implementations

- Senlin
- Tacker
- Parser
- Alien4cloud
- Cloudify



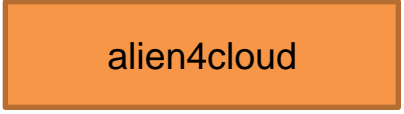
Service Orchestration & Management



Deployment Template Translation

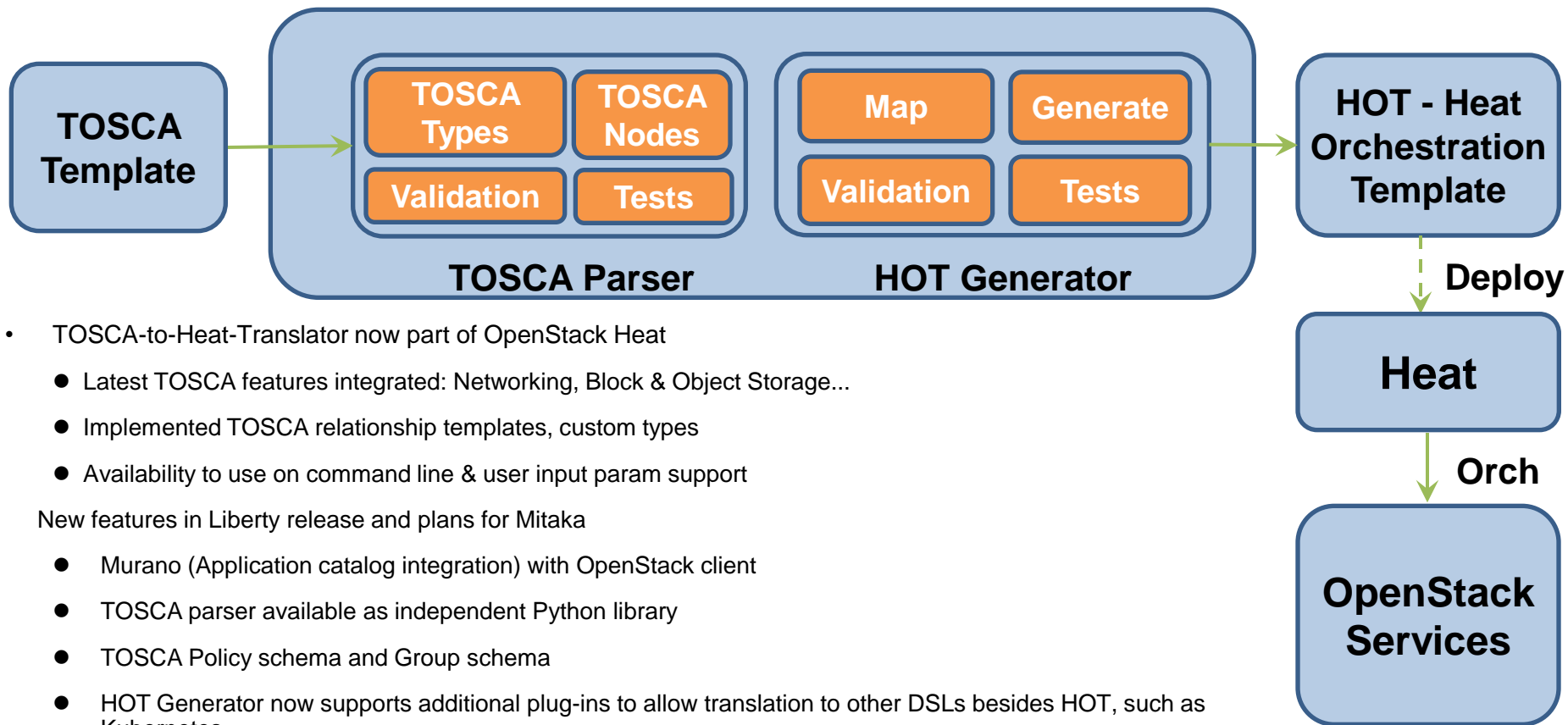


www.seaclouds-project.eu/media.html



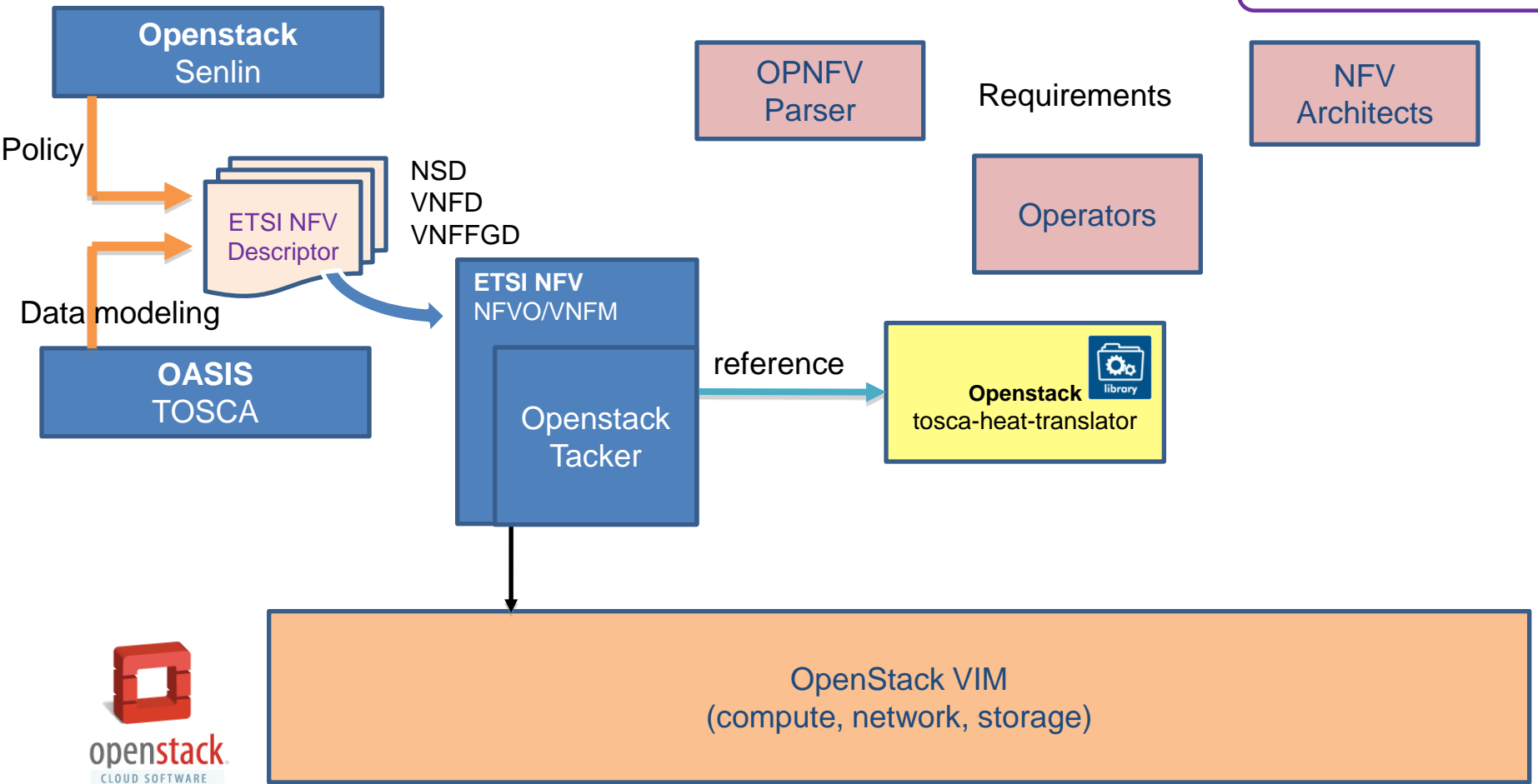
Topology & LCM Design
<http://alien4cloud.github.io>

Automated TOSCA-based Orchestration Now Part of OpenStack



- TOSCA-to-Heat-Translator now part of OpenStack Heat
 - Latest TOSCA features integrated: Networking, Block & Object Storage...
 - Implemented TOSCA relationship templates, custom types
 - Availability to use on command line & user input param support
- New features in Liberty release and plans for Mitaka
 - Murano (Application catalog integration) with OpenStack client
 - TOSCA parser available as independent Python library
 - TOSCA Policy schema and Group schema
 - HOT Generator now supports additional plug-ins to allow translation to other DSLs besides HOT, such as Kubernetes

OpenSource related to ETSI NFV and OASIS TOSCA



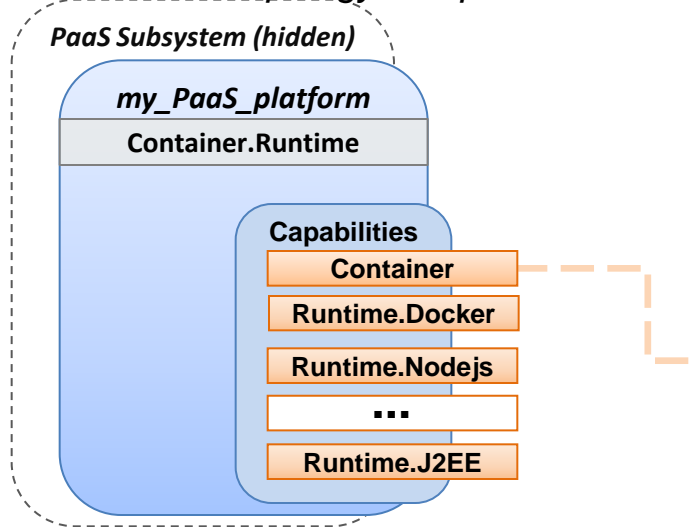
Main features

- Container
- Policies
- Network modeling

TOSCA Model for Containers leveraging Repositories

PaaS Modeling

- Template author chooses to expose or hide runtime topology & implementation

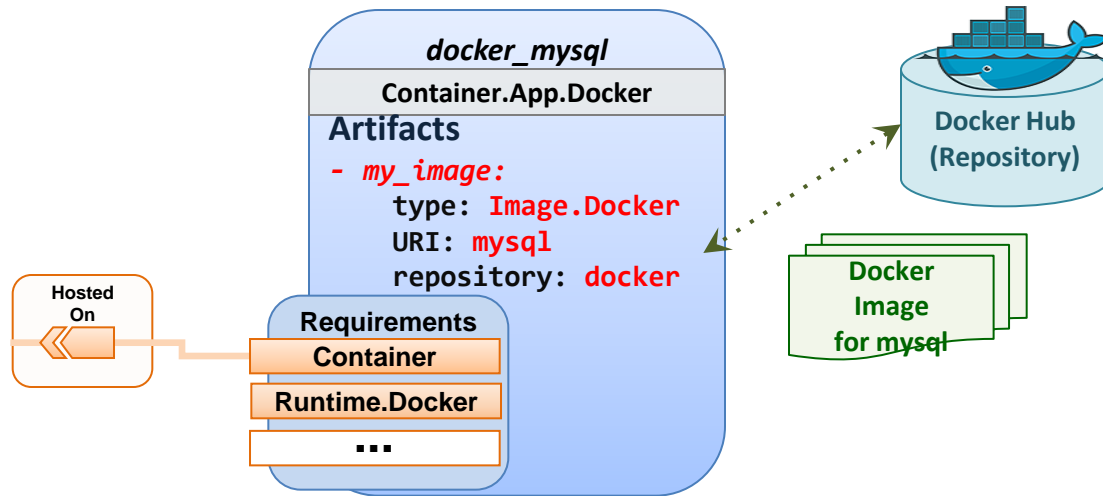


PaaS Layer exposes “runtimes” as TOSCA Capabilities

- Docker, Nodejs, JSP, J2EE, etc.

Container Application Modeling

- Agnostic of PaaS Cloud Provider
 - PaaS on OpenStack, Cloud Foundry, Azure, etc.



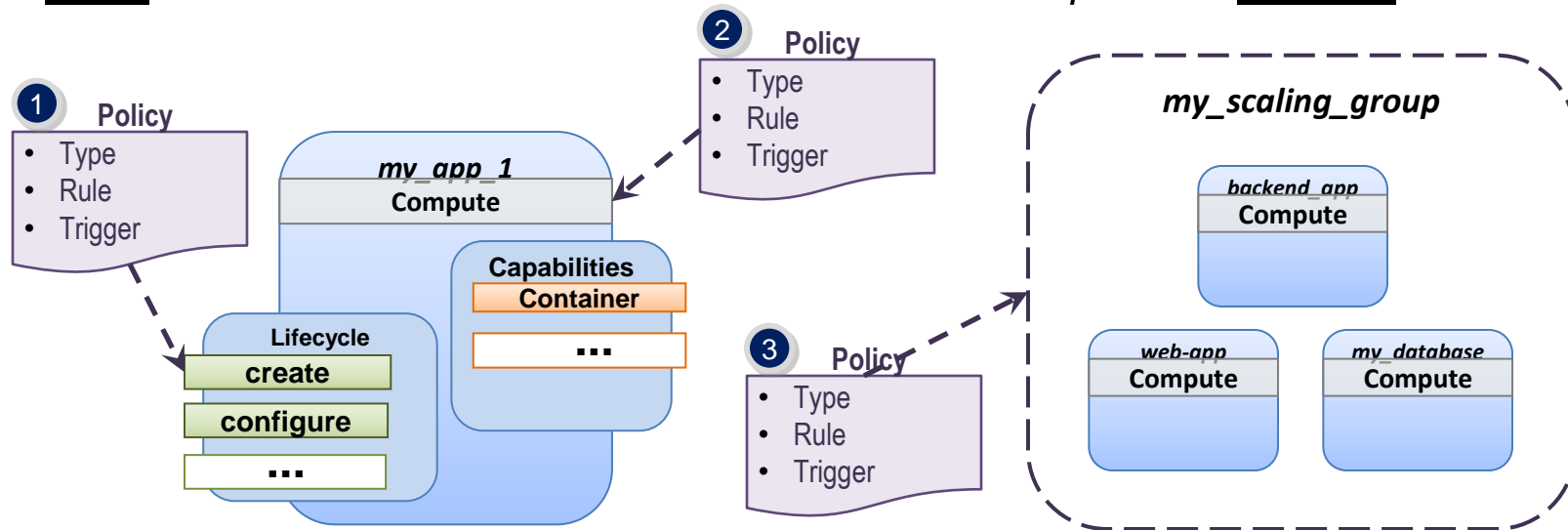
Orchestrators could automatically retrieve and deploy a Docker image from a declared Repository

- TOSCA Templates can model repositories
- Orchestrators could dynamically “pull” from multiple repositories

TOSCA Direction to model Policies

Supported areas: **Placement** (Affinity), **Scaling** and **Performance**

– with **Rules** that are evaluated to execute Automatic and Imperative **Triggers**



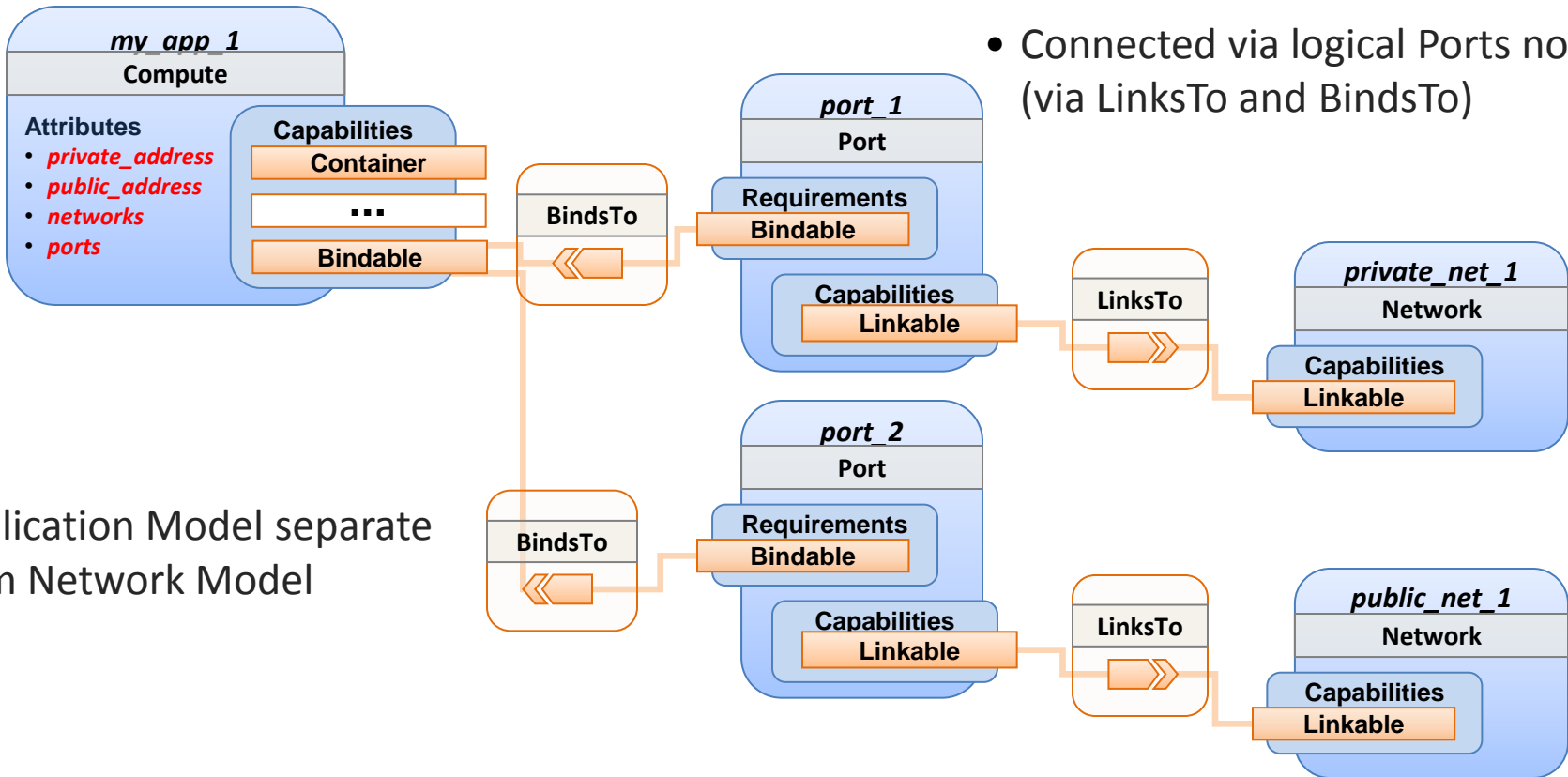
Policies modeled as *Requirements* using *Capability Types* that can be attached to

- *Interfaces* or *specific Operations*
- *Nodes* and
- *Groups of Nodes*

TOSCA defines policies using an Event-Condition-Action model

TOSCA Model for Logical Public & Private Cloud Networks

- Application Model separate from Network Model



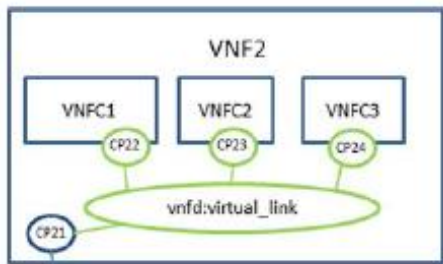
- Connected via logical Ports nodes (via LinksTo and BindsTo)

Allows developers to model JUST the application bind to existing tenant networks

Backup slides

- sample template
- Lifecycle Sequencing

VNFD example



```

tosca_definitions_version:   tosca_simple_profile_for_nfv_1_0_0
tosca_default_namespace:    # Optional. default namespace (schema, types version)
template_name:              # Optional name of this service template
template_author:            # Optional author of this service template
template_version:           # Optional version of this service template
description:                 example for VNF2
service_properties:
  ID:                        # ID of this VNF Descriptor
  vendor:                    # Provider or vendor of the VNF
  version:                   # Version of VNF software, described by the
descriptor under consideration
imports:
  - tosca_base_type_definition.yaml
# list of import statements for importing other definitions files
topology_template:
inputs:
substitution_mappings:
  node_type: tosca.nodes.nfv.VNF.VNF2
  requirements:
virtualLinkable: [CP21, virtualLinkable]

```

```

node_templates:
  VDU1:
    type: tosca.nodes.nfv.VDU
    properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
    requirements:
    - host:
    node_filter:
    capabilities:
    # Constraints for selecting "host" (Container Capability)
    - host:
    properties:
    - num_cpus: { in_range: [ 1, 4 ] }
    - mem_size: { greater_or_equal: 2 GB }
    # Constraints for selecting "os" (OperatingSystem Capability)
    - os:
    properties:
    - architecture: { equal: x86_64 }
    - type: linux
    - distribution: ubuntu      Interfaces:
    # omitted here for brevity
    artifacts:
    VM_image: vdu1.image #the VM image of VDU1
    Interface:
    Standard:
    create: vdu1_install.sh
    configure:
    implementation: vdu1_configure.sh
  VDU2:
    type: tosca.nodes.nfv.VDU
    properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
  VDU3:
    type: tosca.nodes.nfv.VDU
    properties:
    # omitted here for brevity

```

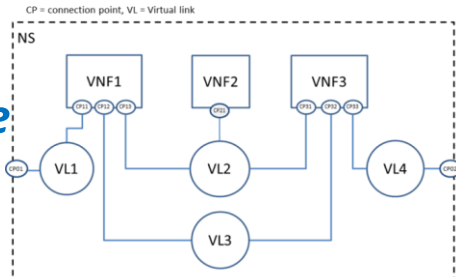


```

CP21:
  type:
  prod
  type:
  requirements:
  virtualbinding: VDU1
CP22:
  type: tosca.nodes.nfv.CP
  properties:
  type:
  requirements:
  virtualbinding: VDU1
  virtualLink: internal_VL
CP23:
  type: tosca.nodes.nfv.CP
  properties:
  type:
  requirements:
  virtualbinding: VDU2
  virtualLink: internal_VL
CP24:
  type: tosca.nodes.nfv.CP
  properties:
  type:
  requirements:
  virtualbinding: VDU3
  virtualLink: internal_VL
internal_VL:
  type: tosca.nodes.nfv.VL.ELAN
  properties:
  # omitted here for brevity
  capabilities:
  -virtual linkable
  occurrences: 5

```

NSD example



```

tosca_definitions_version:  toasca_simple_profile_for_nfv_1_0_0
tosca_default_namespace:    # Optional. default namespace (schema, types version)
template_name:              # Optional name of this service template
template_author:            # Optional author of this service template
template_version:           # Optional version of this service template
description:                 example for a NSD.
service_properties:
  ID:                         # ID of this Network Service Descriptor
  vendor:                     # Provider or vendor of the Network Service
  version:                     # Version of the Network Service Descriptor
imports:
  - toasca_base_type_definition.yaml
  # list of import statements for importing other definitions files
topology_template:
  inputs:
    flavor ID:
  VNF1:
    type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VNF.VNF1
    properties:
      Scaling_methodology:
      Flavour_ID:
      Threshold:
      Auto-scale policy value:
      Constraints:
    requirements:
      virtuellink: VL1
      virtuellink: VL2
      virtuellink: VL3
  
```

```

VNF2:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VNF.VNF2
  properties:
    Scaling_methodology:
    Flavour_ID:
    Threshold:
    Auto-scale policy value:
    Constraints:
  requirements:
    virtuellink: VL2
VNF3:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VNF.VNF3
  properties:
    Scaling_methodology:
    Flavour_ID:
    Threshold:
    Auto-scale policy value:
    Constraints:
  requirements:
    virtuellink: VL2
    virtuellink: VL3
    virtuellink: VL4
CP01
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.CP
  
```

```

  properties:
    type:
  requirements:
    virtuellink: VL1
    #endpoints of NS
CP02
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.CP
  properties:
    type:
  requirements:
    virtuellink: VL4
  
```



```

VL1:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VL.VL1
  properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
  capabilities:
    -virtual linkable
    occurrences: 2
VL2:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VL.VL2
  properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
  capabilities:
    -virtual linkable
    occurrences: 5
VL3:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VL.VL3
  properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
  capabilities:
    -virtual linkable
    occurrences: 2
VL4:
  type: toasca.nodes.nfv.VL.VL4
  properties:
    # omitted here for brevity
  capabilities:
    -virtual linkable
    occurrences: 2
  
```

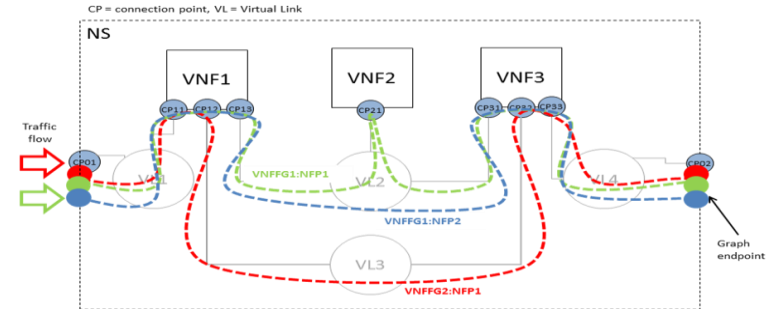
VNFFG

–Using TOSCA group concept



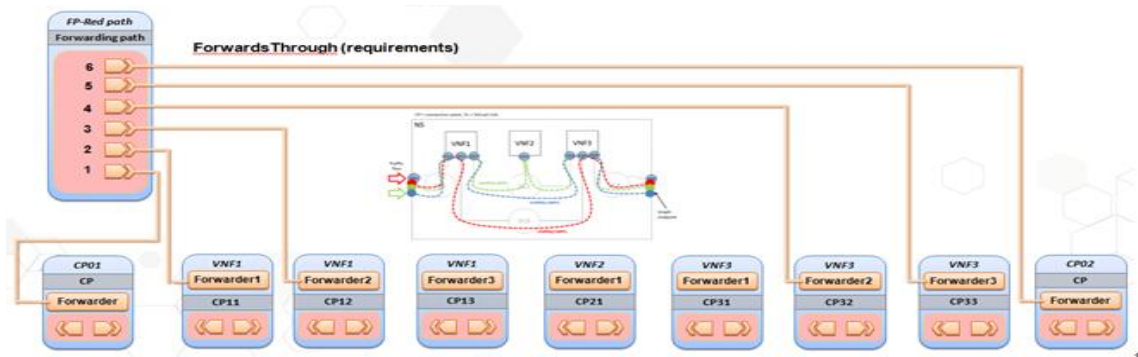
```
Groups:↵
  VNFFG1:↵
    type: tosca.groups.nfv.vnffg↵
    description: forwarding graph 1↵
    properties:↵
      vendor:↵
      version: ↵
      vl: [VL1,VL2,VL4]↵
      vnf: [VNF1,VNF2,VNF3]↵
      targets: [Forwarding path1, Forwarding path2]↵

  VNFFG2:↵
    type: tosca.groups.nfv.vnffg↵
    description: forwarding graph 2↵
    properties:↵
      vendor:↵
      version:↵
      vl: [VL1,VL3,VL4]↵
      vnf: [VNF1,VNF2]↵
      targets: [Forwarding path3]↵
```



NFP

Network forwarding path as defined by **ETSI NFV** is an order list of connection points forming a chain of network functions (VNFs or PNFs). A new “Forwarder” requirement is defined in this specification to model the network forwarding path by using ordered list of multiple “Forwarder” requirements. Each “Forwarder” requirement points to a single connection point.

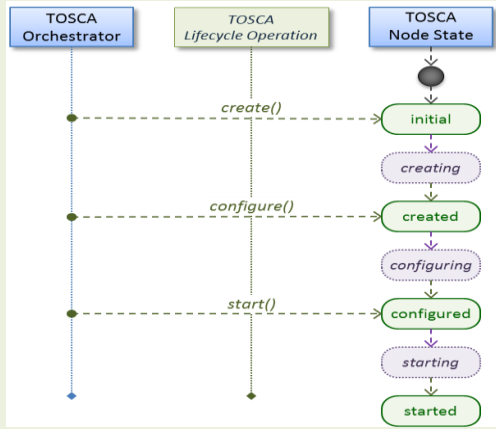


```

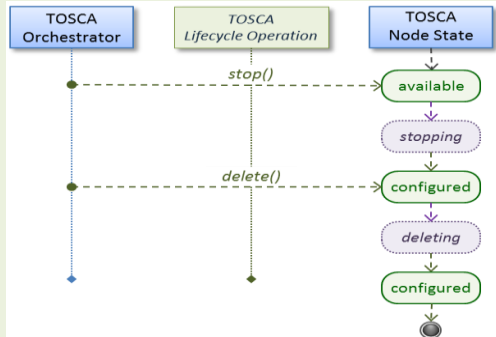
Forwarding path1:
  type: tosca.nodes.nfv.FP
  description: the path (CP01→CP11→CP13→CP21→CP31→CP33→CP02)
  properties:
    policy:
  requirements:
    -forwarder: CP01
    -forwarder: VNF1
      capability: forwarder1          #CP11
    -forwarder: VNF1
      capability: forwarder3          #CP13
    -forwarder: VNF2
      capability: forwarder1          #CP21
    -forwarder: VNF3
      capability: forwarder1          #CP31
    -forwarder: VNF3
      capability: forwarder3          #CP33
    -forwarder: CP02
  
```

Lifecycle.Standard

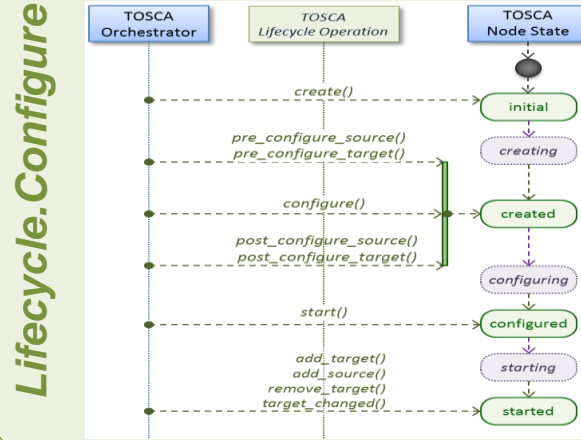
Deploy Sequencing



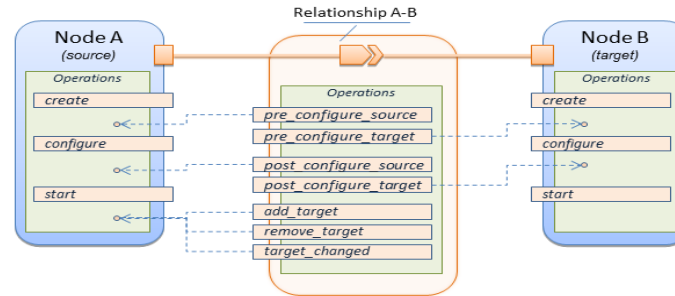
Undeploy Sequencing



Source-Target Sequencing



Lifecycle.Configure



Combined Sequencing

TOSCA Resources – Learn More

- TOSCA Technical Committee Public Page (latest documents, updates, and more)
 - https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=tosca
- OASIS Channel (all standards) **or** TOSCA YouTube Playlist
 - <https://www.youtube.com/user/OASISopen> **or** <http://bit.ly/1BQGGHm>
- TOSCA Simple Profile in YAML v1.0 (latest committee approved draft)
 - <http://docs.oasis-open.org/tosca/TOSCA-Simple-Profile-YAML/v1.0/TOSCA-Simple-Profile-YAML-v1.0.pdf>
- TOSCA Simple Profile for NFV v1.0 (latest committee approved draft)
 - <http://docs.oasis-open.org/tosca/tosca-nfv/v1.0/csd02/tosca-nfv-v1.0-csd02.pdf>
- Contact the Technical Committee Co-Chairs:
 - **Paul Lipton**, paul.lipton@ca.com
 - **Simon Moser**, smoser@de.ibm.com
- Today's Presenters from the TOSCA TC:
 - **Shitao Li**, lishitao@huawei.com
 - **Matt Rutkowski**, mrutkows@us.ibm.com
 - **Chris Lauwers**, lauwers@ubicity.com
 - **Sridhar Ramaswamy** , sramasw@Brocade.com
 - **Sivan Barzily**, sivan@gigaspace.com

TOSCA

***An Open Standard for Business Application
Agility and Portability in the Cloud***

Q&A

Start Blueprinting Your Cloud Apps in TOSCA now!