

AIOTI – Ontology Landscape

Martin Bauer (+ Laura Daniele and Davide Conzon) Senior Standardization Engineer NEC Laboratories Europe



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AIOTI Introduction



AIOTI - Alliance for Internet of Things Innovation

Vision: We drive on behalf of our members business, policy, standardisation, research and innovation development in the IoT and Edge Computing and other converging technologies across the Digital Value Chain to support European digitisation and competitiveness.

Website: https://aioti.eu/

- **Groups:** Digital for Green, Distributed Ledger Technologies, Innovation Ecosystems, Policy and Strategies, Research and Partnership Standardization Testbeds, Urban Society (horizontal groups)
 - Agriculture, Buildings, Energy, Health, Manufacturing, Mobility and Logistics (vertical groups)

Semantic Interoperability Expert Group: What do we do?

- Value of IoT grows with available information
- "IoT" today characterized by
 - Heterogeneity
 - Silos
 - Tight coupling
 - Multiple representations of the information



- True IoT characterized by
 - Sharing of information
 - Federation across silos
 - Dynamic use of sources

- Explicit agreement on semantics (= meaning) is vital to the success of IoT
 Semantic Interoperability
- → Support adoption of semantic technologies

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Semantic Interoperability Expert Group: What do we do?

- Semantics often perceived as "difficult", "academic", "for experts only"
- We are a group of experts from standardization & research

→ Lower barrier for implementing semantic systems

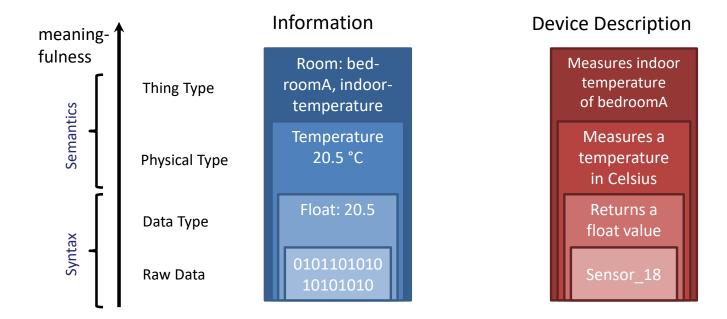
• Three Whitepapers:

- Semantic Interoperability for the Web of Things: <u>http://tinyurl.com/58k93m4f</u>
- Semantic IoT Solutions: A Developer Perspective: <u>http://tinyurl.com/2p97rhtc</u>
- Towards Semantic Interoperability Standards based on Ontologies: <u>http://tinyurl.com/5hx79y5r</u>
- Semantic Tutorial (IoT Week 2021): <u>http://tinyurl.com/kjrv2uu3</u>
- Ontology Landscape: <u>http://tinyurl.com/y86s82ac</u>

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Basis: Agreement on Semantic Concepts

- How can we get information on a suitable abstraction level?
 - Higher-level information / knowledge is required
 - Explicit representation of meaning → agreement on semantic concepts
 - Implicit representation would be problematic in large scale, dynamic systems

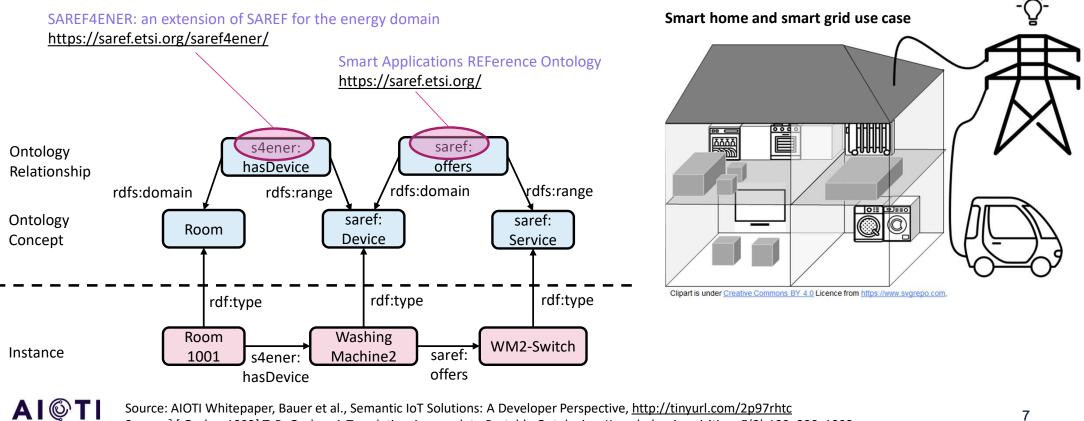


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Source: AIOTI Whitepaper, Murdock et al., Semantic Interoperability for the Web of Things: <u>http://tinyurl.com/58k93m4f</u>

Ontology Example

Ontology [Gruber 1993]²: Ontologies provide a formal specification of a shared conceptualization, by formally defining relevant concepts, their attributes and the relationships between these concepts.



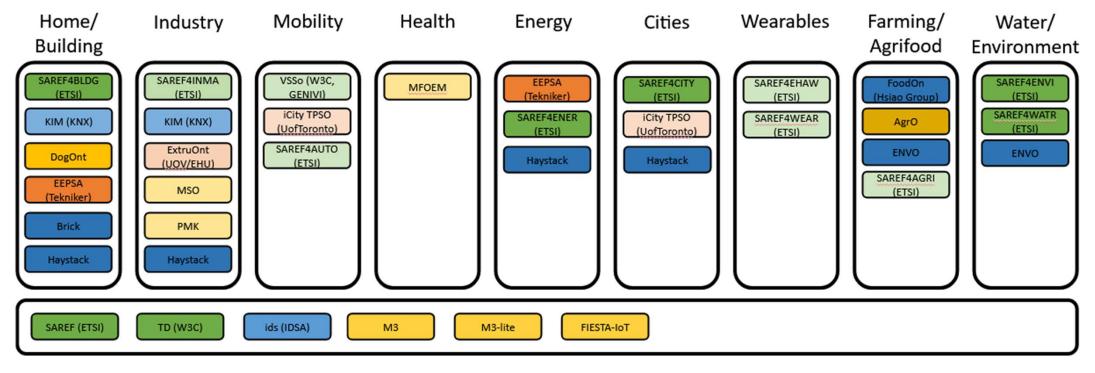
Source: AIOTI Whitepaper, Bauer et al., Semantic IoT Solutions: A Developer Perspective, http://tinvurl.com/2p97rhtc Source ²:[Gruber 1993] T. R. Gruber. A Translation Approach to Portable Ontologies. Knowledge Acquisition, 5(2):199–220, 1993. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1042814383710083

Goal of the Report

- In December 2021, the first version of the report "Ontology Landscape Release 1.0" has been published, see: <u>https://aioti.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/AIOTI-Ontology-Landscape-Report-R1-Published-1.0.1.pdf</u>
- The main objectives of this report are to present:
 - A list of relevant ontologies already defined, subdivided by their domain of interest.
 - For each ontology provide a set of information that allows the users to easily select the ontology that best fits their requirements.
 - The final goal is to create a Landscape with IoT ontologies in analogy to the AIOTI IoT Landscape on standardization.
- Method of collecting information:
 - ✓ Identify relevant ontologies.
 - ✓ Request to ontologies maintainers to provide info compiling a specific template.
 - ✓ Collect the Input received, discuss and approve them with AIOTI Semantic Interoperability Expert Group members

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Content of the Report

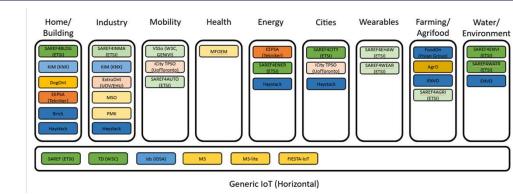


35 ontologies subdivided in **10** different domains.

Generic IoT (Horizontal)

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Content of the Report



Sustainability & Maintainability Level

TRL / Level	Level 1 Single Maintainer / Project	Level 2 Organization	Level 3 Group of Organizations	Level 4 Standardization Body
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				

Colour code defined to express Technology Readiness Level (TRL) and Sustainability & Maintainability Levelel

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Technology Readiness Level (TRL)

Some Example Ontologies in Detail

Acronym	SAREF	TRL	6						
Name	Name Smart Applications		Mair	1 Areas	Generic IoT				
	REFerence Ontology								
Technical Specification			https://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi ts/103200 103299/103264/03.01.01 6						
				<u>0/ts_103264v030101p.pdf</u>					
URI of Ont	URI of Ontology File				https://saref.etsi.org/core/				
License				https://forge.etsi.org/etsi-software-license					
Maintainer				ETSI					
Complete Survey Information				https://drive.google.com/file/d/1J1wk0FCjtOjrMiCt9RPYmN9mP9-					
				Wpl0x/view					
			tions REFerence ontology (SAREF) is intended to enable interoperability						
			from different providers and among various activity sectors in the Internet						
	of Things (IoT), thus contribu				to the development of the global digital market.				

Some Example Ontologies in Detail

Acronym	ids	TRL	7				
Name	Name International Data		Main Areas		Generic IoT (Horizontal)		
	Spaces Information						
	Model						
Technical Specification			Namespace: https://w3id.org/idsa/core				
				Repository: https://github.com/International-Data-Spaces-			
				Association/InformationModel/			
URI of Ont	URI of Ontology File				https://w3id.org/idsa/core		
License				Apache 2.0			
Maintainer	Maintainer				Sebastian Bader, Fraunhofer IAIS		
Complete Survey Information			https://drive.google.com/file/d/1-c8JonwqH22gNqPdFY3UNc3FSE-				
			<u>Fm6kO/view</u>				
				odel is an RDFS/OWL-ontology covering the fundamental concepts of the			
			Spaces (IDS), i.e. the types of digital contents that are exchanged by				
participants by me				ans of the IDS infrastructure components.			

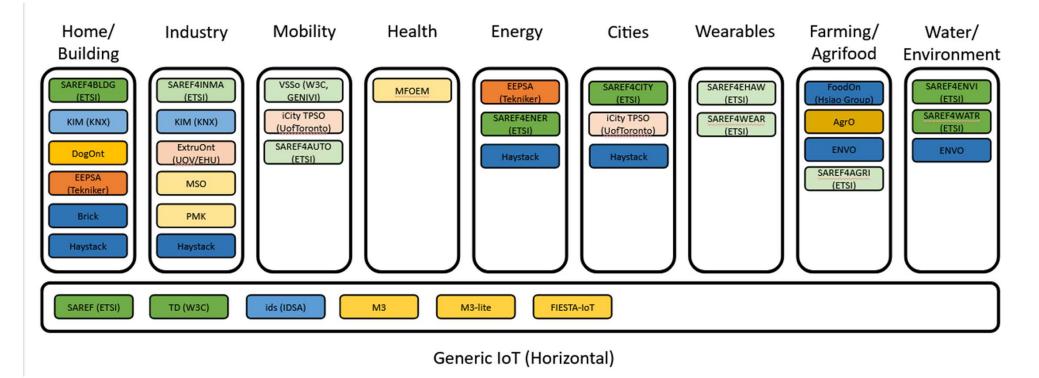
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Some Example Ontologies in Detail

Acronym	iCity	TRL	4						
	TPSO								
Name	Name iCity Transportation		Main Areas			Mobility, Cities			
	Planning Suite of								
	Ontologies								
Technical Specification				http://ontology.eil.utoronto.ca/icity/iCityOntologyReport 1.2.pdf					
URI of Ontology File				http://ontology.eil.utoronto.ca/icity/UrbanSystem.owl					
License	License				MIT				
Maintainer				Megan Katsumi, Department of Mechanical & Industrial Engineering - University of Toronto					
Complete S	Complete Survey Information				https://drive.google.com/file/d/1i1xknFF9wlPCtqtRZXYX4sDTBGC2lS				
	iO/view								
Short	ansportatio	n Planning Suite of Ontologies (TPSO) provides a common set of terms							
Description for unambiguous			y storing and accessing data. The key purpose of the iCity TPSO is to						
address the challer			nges of data integration and reuse in the context of transportation						
planning.									

How to Use the Ontology Landscape

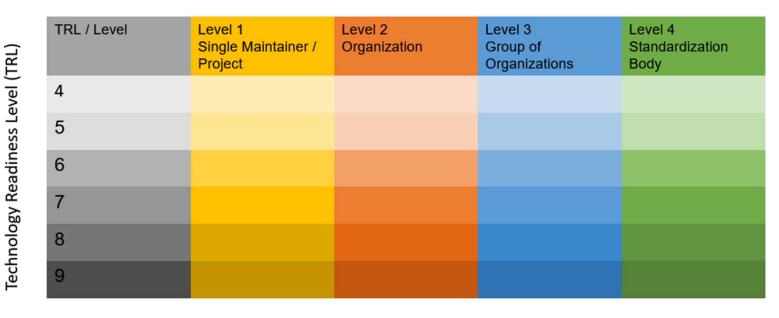
Based on your domain of interest, check in the main resume table, the ontologies that can be interesting for you



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How to Use the Ontology Landscape

Using the colour code you can start to exclude some of the solutions in the list, based on your requirements (e.g., you can exclude some solutions because not mature enough or because they are not maintained by a large community).



Sustainability & Maintainability Level

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Conclusions and Next Steps

- AIOTI Ontology Landscape as useful tool for:
 - stakeholders to choose suitable IoT ontologies
 - divided by their domain of interest
 - based on their maturity level and sustainability
 - ontology developers to give visibility to their ontologies

- Findings
 - Engaging stakeholders to fill in the survey for the ontology landscape has been long and challenging – what can be improved?
 - Certain domains in the ontology landscape are more populated (e.g., Home/Buildings and Industry) than others (e.g., Health and Wearables). Why?

- Please help us with your feedback:
 - Do you share this conclusion?
 - Is it easy to use?
 - What can be improved?

Contribute to the Ontology Landscape!

Fill out the online survey:

https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/runner/OntologyLandscapeTemplate

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