

#### Side Link and Relay Security in 5G

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#### Agenda

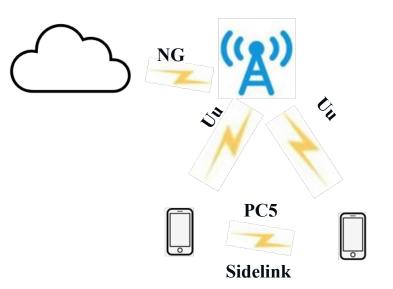
- Introduction
- Sidelink Security
- Relay Security
- Q & A

#### **Introduction: Sidelink**

- An interface between two devices (e.g., handsets or UEs) that allows the two devices to communicate directly without the help of either the network or a base station.
- 3GPP defines Sidelink as the PC5 interface, which uses licensed spectrum for the devices to communicate.

**Use cases for Sidelink** 

- **Proximity service**
- V2X services
- Location services
- Sensing
- Etc.

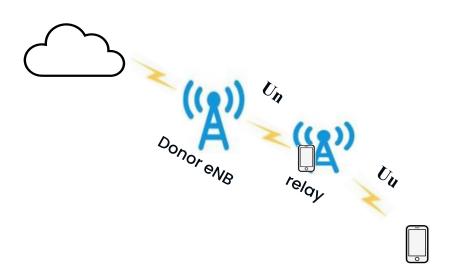


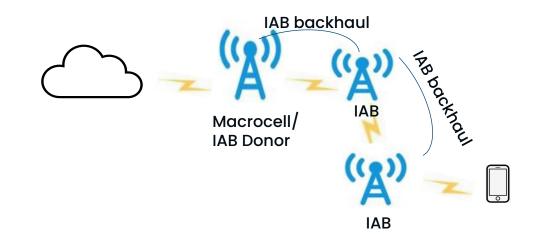
#### **Sidelink Network Architecture**

## Introduction: (e)(g)NB-based relay nodes

- Relay node in LTE
  - Relay node (eNB on UE-facing side and UE on eNBfacing side) connects wirelessly to a eNB (called Donor eNB) for extending the network coverage

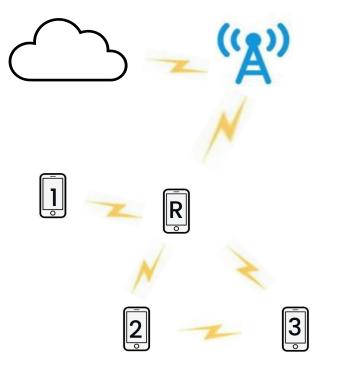
- Relay in wireless backhaul
  - Integrated Access Backhaul (IAB) extends backhaul over multiple hop(s) of wireless access

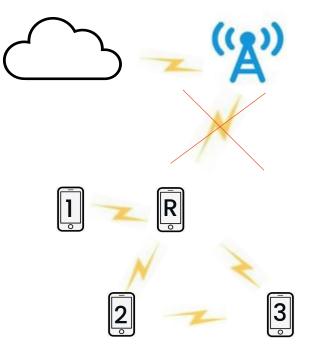




#### Introduction: UE-based relay nodes

- A relay node (i.e., relay UE that relays gNB signaling in either L2 or L3) extends the network and network services to UEs that are no longer able to access the network directly or indirectly.
- Relay nodes include UE-to-Network relay and UE-to-UE relay



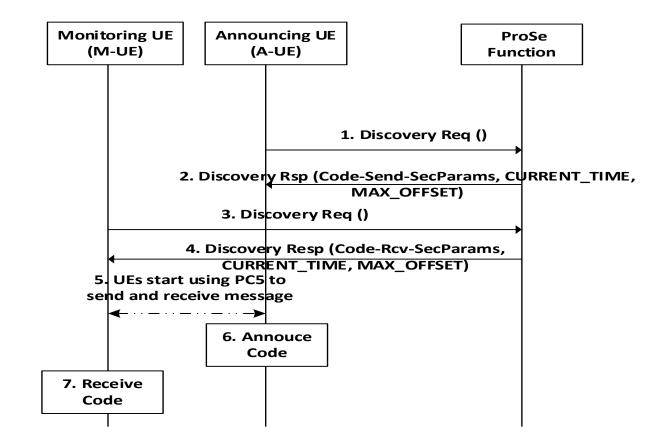


**UE-to-Network Relay** 

**UE-to-UE Relay** 

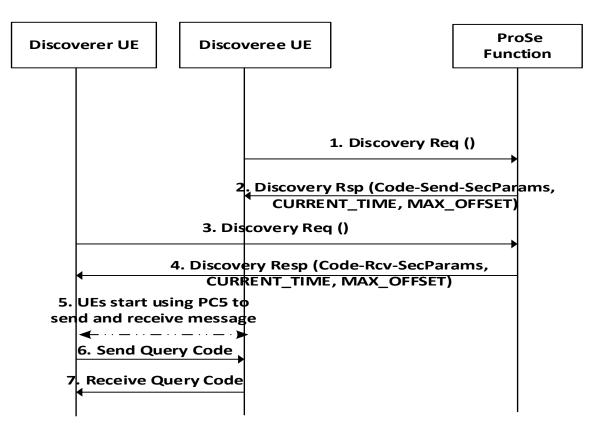
#### Sidelink Security: model A discovery

Announcing UE: I'm providing a service



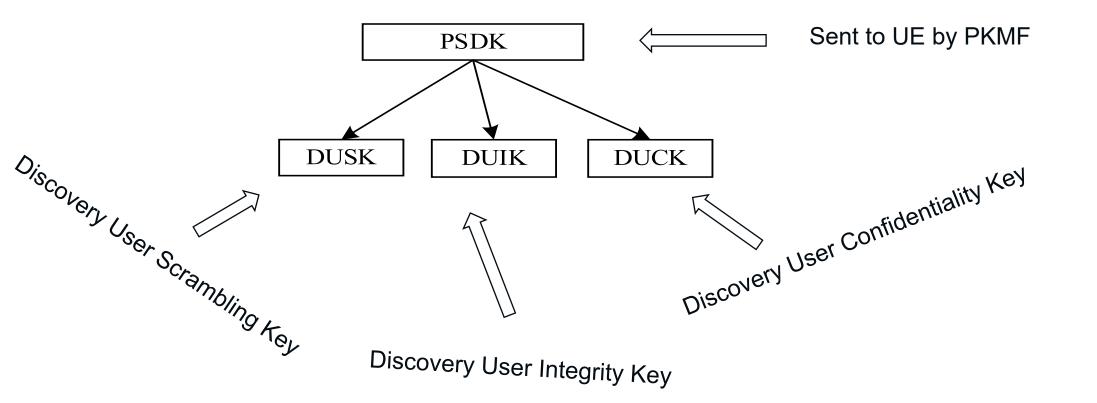
#### Sidelink Security: model B discovery

**Discoveree UE: I'm looking for a service** 

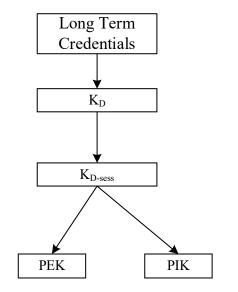


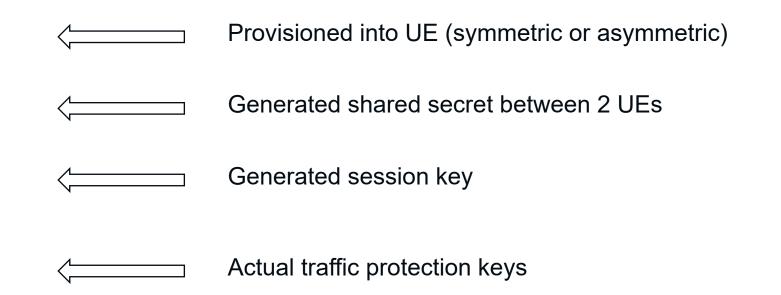
#### **Sidelink Security: Discovery Message Protection**

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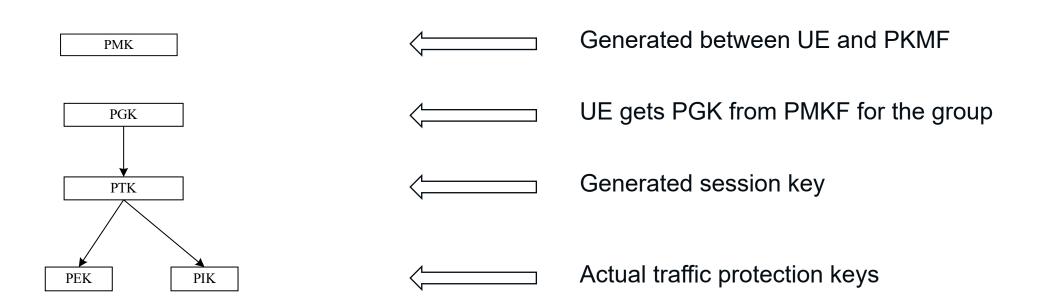


#### Sidelink Security: Keys for one-to-one Security





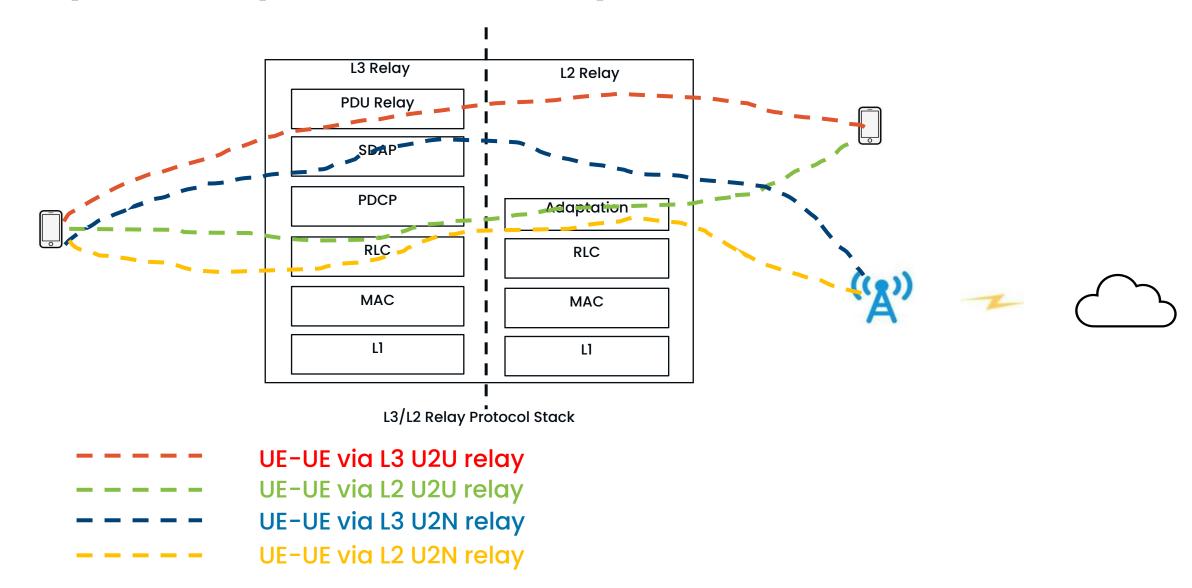
#### Sidelink Security: Keys for One-to-Many Security



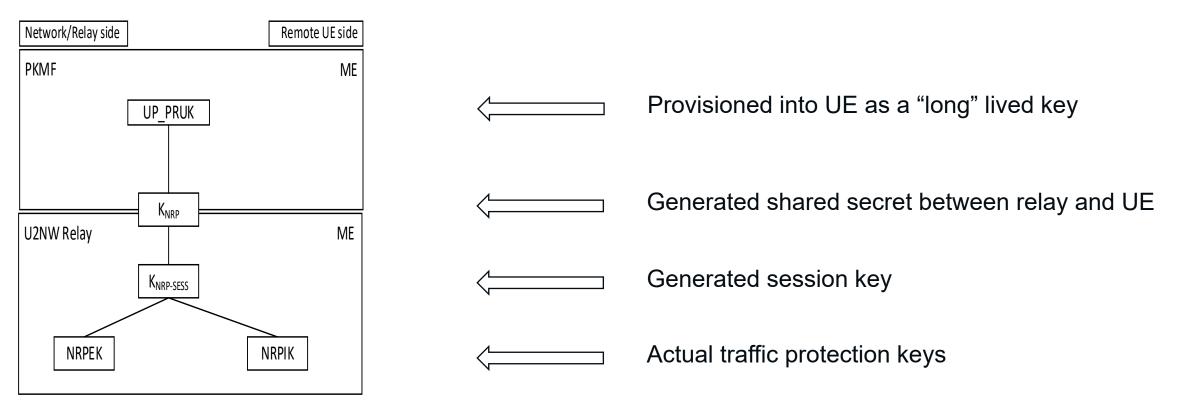
### Sidelink Security: re-cap

- Provisioning
  - Security keys and security related parameters (e.g, Discovery Code, ProSe Restricted Code, Discovery Keys, timing information, etc.)
- discovery
  - Open and restricted discovery: Model A and Model B
  - Discovery message protection
    - Integrity protection in open discovery
    - Scrambling protection
    - Confidentiality
- one-to-one communication
  - 4-layer of keys
  - One-to-one communication protected over PDCP layer
- one-to-many communication
  - Group key distribution protected by MIKEY
  - Group message protection using PDCP layer protection or application layer protocol
- Privacy protection
  - Randomization and synchronization of source Layer-2 identifier and upper layer identifier

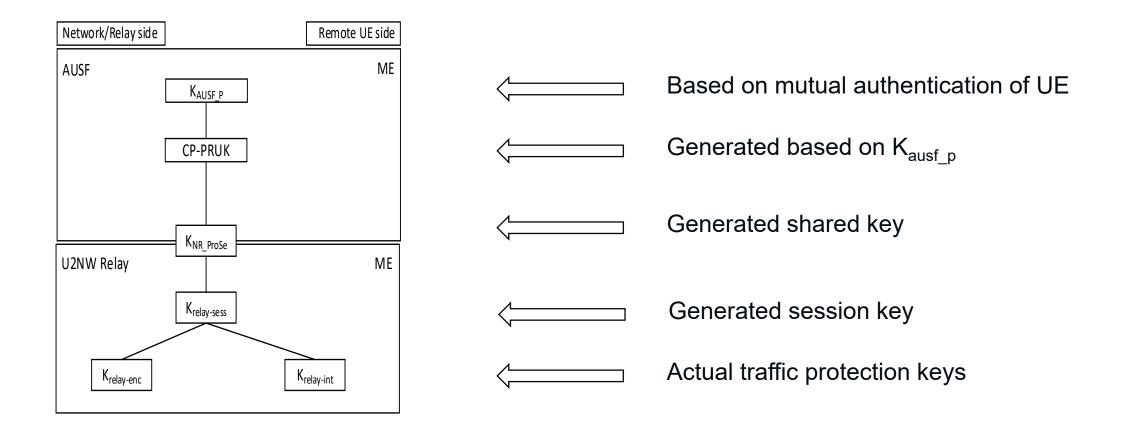
#### **Relay Security: L2 and L3 relays**

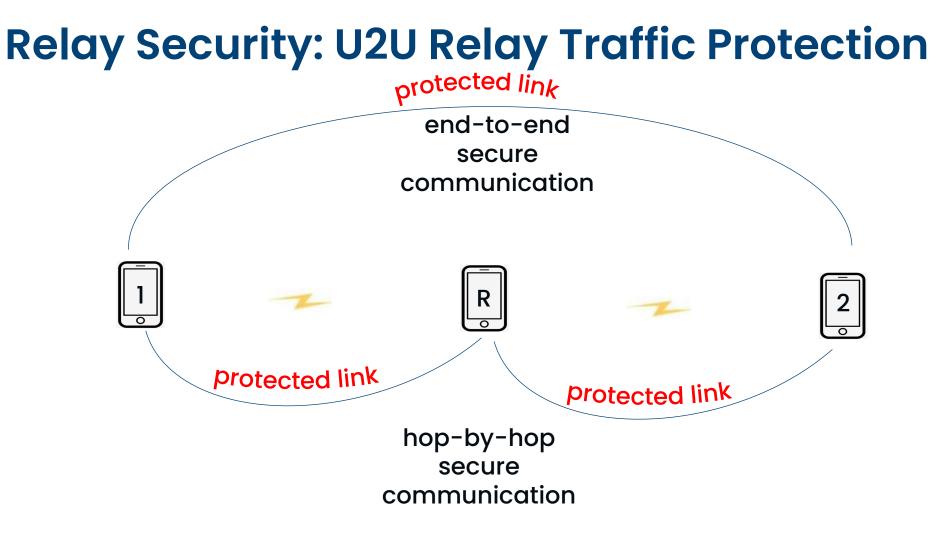


#### **Relay Security: U2N Relay UP key Hierarchy**



#### Relay Security: U2N Relay CP key Hierarchy





protected link: link can be encrypted, integrity-protected, and replay-protected. Keys in U2U: similar key hierarchy as in one-to-one sidelink communication

### **Relay Security: recap**

- L2 relay
  - Adaptation capability
  - AS security over relay between UE and gNB (or another UE)
- L3 relay
  - User Plane
    - Use of UP connection and UP security to connect to PKMF for relay security establishment
  - Control Plane
    - Use of CP connection and CP security to connect to ProSe Function for relay security establishment
- Reuse sidelink security features
  - Relay discovery
  - UE discovery
- UE-to-UE communication via U2U relay
  - Hop-by-hop
  - End-to-end
- Privacy protection
  - Similar to that of sidelink protection (i.e., Randomization and synchronization of source Layer-2 identifier and upper layer identifier )



# **QUESTIONS?**

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