

Adaptive Streaming of IoT Sensor Data in Mobile Networks

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Introduction

- Austrian research group ROADMAP 5G @ CUAS Carinthia University of Applied Sciences
- Combining network & telecommunication engineering with strong focus on software development
- Knowledge of ad-hoc networks
- Technical administrators of a 5G campus network since 2019

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Overview

- 5G Playground Carinthia Campus Network
- Streaming of IoT Sensor Data
- Adaptive Streaming Framework (ASF)
- ETSI-MEC Integration
- Example ASF usage in Smart Cities





Streaming of IoT Sensor Data

- MQTT vs. RTSP? Publisher/Subscriber vs. Point-to-Point?
- Google's dictionary: Streaming is a method of transmitting or receiving data (...) over a computer network
 as a steady, continuous flow
- Strengthening the requirements for control loops (IIoT) **reduce the delay down to the transport latency**
- Optimized offloading

efficient use of processing power in the computing continuum



URLL

eMBB

Streaming?

mMTC



Quality Options of IoT Sensor Devices

Sensor capabilities (Sensor dependent)

- Sampling rate / Frame rate
- Range / Resolution

Linear and non-linear processing capabilities (Processor dependent) :

- Aggregation (multidimensional, spatial)
- Filtering (temporal)
- Generic computational tasks
- Capabilities are announced as Qualities Sets





Adaptive Streaming Framework (ASF)



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Adaptive Streaming Framework (ASF)

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Communication:

- Control Messages via REST
- Data Streams via TCP or UDP

ASF Overview (1/2)

Detection process:

• Demand for other stream quality/ additional stream

Additional:

- Acknowledgement
- Authentication
- Device management
- Life cycle management
- Request rejection
- Direct interaction





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ASF with 2 Consumers

ASF Overview (2/2)



ASF with 2 Producers

ETSI-MEC Integration



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ASF usage in Smart Cities

- Traffic flow analysis
- Pedestrian monitoring
- Parking space control
- Public transport monitoring
- Detection of
 - Emergency situations
 - Defective components



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Thank you! Please visit also the demo